O.P. Industries Pty Ltd and CEPU - Plumbing Division Victorian Branch Regional Victoria / Border Enterprise Agreement

2024 - 2027

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PART 1 – APPLICATION AND OPERATION

1 TITLE

1.1 This Agreement shall be known as the **O.P. Industries Pty Ltd** and **CEPU – Plumbing Division Victorian Branch Regional Victoria/Border Enterprise Agreement 2024 - 2027 (Agreement)**.

2. PARTIES AND PERSONS BOUND

- **2.1** This Agreement shall cover:-
- **2.2 O.P. Industries Pty Ltd (ABN: 50 005 043 827) (employer)** in respect of employees engaged in the industry of the occupations, businesses or employers of plumbers, gasfitters, roof plumbers, lead burners, ship plumbers and heating, air conditioning or ventilation plumbers, irrigation installer, laggers and plumber's labourers, (employees)engaged on site or in construction work; and
- employees employed by the employer in regional Victoria (who are engaged in the industry of the occupations, businesses or employers of plumbers, gasfitters, roof plumbers, lead burners, ship plumbers and heating, air conditioning or ventilation plumbers, irrigation installer, laggers and plumber's labourers, engaged on site or in construction work who are employed or usually employed in the plumbing industry in executing any plumbing, gasfitting, pipe fitting or domestic engineering work, whether prefabricated or not, or who execute any work in or in connection with:-
- 2.3.1 sheet lead, galvanised iron or other classes of sheet metal or any other materials which supersede the materials usually fixed by plumbers;
- **2.3.2** lead, wrought, cast or sheet iron, copper, brass or other classes of pipework;
- **2.3.3** water (hot or cold), steam, gas, air vacuum, heating or ventilating appliances, fittings, services or installations; and
- **2.3.4** house, ship, sanitary, chemical or general plumbing or drainage; and
- the Communications Electrical Electronic Energy Information Postal Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia 128v (CEPU)(union). On the condition that the union has given notice under Section 183 of the Fair Work Act 2009 (C'th)(FW Act) that it wants the Agreement to cover it and in accordance with Section 201(2) of the FW Act, the Fair Work Commission (FWC) has noted that the Agreement covers the union.
- **2.5** The terms of this agreement will **not apply** to:-
- **2.5.1** the employment of sprinkler fitters by an employer covered by the *Plumbing and Fire Sprinklers Award 2010* (**PFS Award**); and / or
- **2.5.2** to employees principally engaged in installing automatic fire protection systems; and / or
- **2.5.3** employees of the employer employed full-time in the service and maintenance operations, and / or
- **2.5.4** employees employed full-time as a project manager, an estimator or in drafting; and / or
- **2.5.5** the cottage / housing industry.

3. LODGEMENT AND DATE OF OPERATION OF THE AGREEMENT

- **3.1** This Agreement shall be lodged in accordance with the *Fair Work Act 2009*.
- **3.2** This Agreement shall remain in force until 31 October 2027.

Variation of the Agreement

- **3.3.1** Should the employer intend to make an application under the FW Act, seeking to vary the Agreement, the employer shall advise the union (in writing), of the proposed variation and the union shall be given an opportunity of meeting with the employees concerned about the variation.
- 3.3.2 Such meeting shall take place prior to the employees being requested to vote (under Section 208 of the FW Act) on the proposed variation.

Termination of the Agreement

- 3.4.1 Should the employer intend to make an application under the FW Act, seeking to terminate the Agreement, the employer shall advise the union (in writing), of the proposed application to terminate the Agreement and the union shall be given an opportunity of meeting with the employees concerned about the proposed application for termination.
- **3.4.2** Such meeting shall take place prior to the employees being requested to vote (under Section 219 of the FW Act) on the proposed termination.
- 3.5 The obligations provided in Clause 3.3 and / or 3.4, are conditional upon the representative of the union (however termed), complying with Part 3 4 -Right of Entry under the FW Act.

4. NO EXTRA CLAIMS AND INCREASES TO WAGES AND ALLOWANCES

- 4.1 The rates of pay and allowances as provided in Appendix A Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance shall apply to all employees covered by this Agreement.
- 4.2 The parties accept that this Agreement is in full and final settlement of all wages, terms and conditions claims. There will be no further claims on any matter, including matters concerning Incolink and Co-Invest during the period of this Agreement.
- 4.3 The parties agree they will not pursue any further claims during the nominal life of the Agreement in relation to matters covered by this Agreement.
- 4.4 It is agreed that there be no increase to wages and allowances, other than contained in the Agreement.
- **4.5** This Agreement covers all claims made whether or not expressly referred to in the Agreement.
- 4.6 Unless otherwise specified, increases in Wages and Allowances in the Agreement will accrue from the first full pay period commencing on or after 1 March 2024.

5. <u>COMPLETE AGREEMENT – EXCLUSION OF THE AWARD AND OTHER CONDITIONS</u>

- The Agreement is intended to cover all matters pertaining to the employment relationship and all matters pertaining to the employer's relationship with the union.
- The Agreement represents a complete statement of the mutual rights and obligations between the employer and employees to the exclusion (to the extent permitted by law) of other laws, the PFS Award, agreements (whether registered or unregistered), custom and practice and like instruments or arrangements (other than in accordance with this Agreement).
- 5.3 The Agreement regulates all terms and conditions of employment and expressly excludes and displaces the operation of any and all other matters and conditions of employment in the PFS Award or agreement.

6. **POSTING OF AGREEMENT**

6.1 A copy of the Agreement will be made available to employees.

7. INTENTIONS OF THE PARTIES

- 7.1 The intentions of the parties in reaching the Agreement are to:-
- **7.1.1** provide for an efficient, progressive and prosperous plumbing employer for the benefit of the employer and its employees;
- **7.1.2** improve job satisfaction and continuity of employment for workers;
- **7.1.3** create a co-operative and productive employer environment;
- **7.1.4** maintain a safe working environment; and
- **7.1.5** ensure the integrity of structured training consistent with national competency standards.

8. WORKPLACE FLEXIBILITY

The employer must ensure that any IFA agreement is genuinely agreed to by the employer and the employee and result in the employee being better off overall at the time the IFA is made than the employee would have been if no IFA had been agreed to.

- 8.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Agreement, the employer and an individual employee may agree to vary the application of certain terms of the Agreement to meet the genuine individual needs of the employer and the individual employee (Individual Flexibility Agreement (IFA)). The terms the employer and the individual employee may agree to vary the application of are those permitted under section 172 of the FW Act, and relates only to:
- **8.1.1** arrangements for when work is performed;
- **8.1.2** salary sacrifice arrangements
- **8.1.3** reduction in ordinary hours and
- **8.1.4** are not unlawful terms under section 194 of the FW Act
- 8.2 The employer and the individual employee must have genuinely made the IFA without coercion or duress. An IFA can only be entered into after the individual employee has commenced employment with the employer.

- **8.3** The IFA between the employer and the individual employee must:
- **8.3.1** be confined to a variation in the application of one or more of the terms listed in Clause 8.1; and
- **8.4** The IFA between the employer and the individual employee must also:
- **8.4.1** be in writing, name the parties to the IFA and be signed by the employer and the individual employee and, if the employee is under eighteen (18) years of age, the employee's parent or guardian;
- **8.4.2** state each term of the Agreement that the employer and the individual employee have agreed to vary;
- **8.4.3** detail how the application of each term has been varied by agreement between the employer and the individual employee;
- **8.4.4** detail how the IFA results in the individual employee being better off overall in relation to the individual employee's terms and conditions of employment; and
- **8.4.5** state the date the agreement commences to operate.
- The employer must give the individual employee a copy of the IFA and keep the IFA as a time and wages record within fourteen (14) days.
- **8.6** Except as provided in Clause 8.4.1 the IFA must not require the approval or consent of a person other than the employer and the individual employee.
- 8.7 An employer seeking to enter into an IFA must provide a written proposal to the employee. Where the employee's understanding of written English is limited the employer must take measures, including translation into an appropriate language, to ensure the employee understands the proposal.
- **8.8** The IFA may be terminated:
- **8.8.1** by the employer or the individual employee giving no more than twenty eight (28) days' notice of termination, in writing, to the other party and the IFA ceasing to operate at the end of the notice period; or
- **8.8.2** at any time, by written agreement between the employer and the individual employee.

9. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

Adult Apprentice means a person of twenty one (21) years of age or over at the time of entering into an indenture or apprenticeship contract / training agreement to a contract within the scope of this Agreement

All-purpose allowances are payable for all purposes of the Agreement and are part of the gross weekly ordinary all-purpose rates of pay and must be included as appropriate when calculating all payments including, but not limited to, payments for overtime, annual leave, sick and personal leave, annual leave loading, public holidays, shift penalties, weekend penalties and payments on termination.

Casual employee is defined in section 15A of the FW Act.

Construction work means all work performed under this Agreement in connection with the erection, repair, renovation, maintenance, ornamentation or demolition of buildings or structures, including the prefabrication of work performed in plumbing workshops.

Consult means more than one party telling another party what it is that he or she is going to do. The word (or act) involves, at the very least, the giving of information by the employer, the response to that information by another other party (whether that party be the employees or the union) and the consideration by the employer of that response. The right to be consulted is a substantive right, it is not to be treated perfunctorily or as a mere formality. Inherent in the obligation to consult is the requirement to provide a genuine opportunity for the affected party to express a view about a proposed change in order to seek to persuade the decision maker to adopt a different course of action.

Continuous service means a period of continuous employment regardless of an employee's absence from work for any of the following reasons:

- illness or accident up to a maximum of four (4) weeks after the expiration of paid personal leave;
- any paid leave entitlement taken (e.g. annual leave, jury service, public holiday, personal leave, long service leave, etc.);
- injury received during the course of employment and up to a maximum of fifty-two (52) weeks for which the employee received workers' compensation;
- any other absence from work except where the employer notifies the employee in writing that his/her service has been broken;
- for accrual of annual leave, see Clause 41 Annual leave; or
- any other leave authorised by the employer or available under this Agreement.

Continuous shift worker means an employee engaged to work in a system of continuous shifts throughout twenty-four (24) hours of each of at least six (6) consecutive days without interruption (except during breakdown or meal breaks or due to unavoidable causes beyond the control of the employer) who is regularly rostered to work those shifts.

Cottage / housing industry means the erection, repair, renovation, maintenance, ornamentation or demolition of a single occupancy dwelling and multiple occupancy residential units of not more than two (2) living levels in height.

FW Act means the Fair Work Act 2009.

FWC means the Fair Work Commission

GTS / LHC means either a Group Training Scheme, or a labour hire company

Irrigation installer means an employee employed or usually employed in executing any irrigation plumbing. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing such work will include the following:

- the installation of irrigation systems to distribute water or similar liquids from any source for such purposes as growth, leaching, cooling, misting, fogging, recycling, treating, disposal or water replenishment of the soil or other areas or substances used to sustain plant life.
- the installation of any pipes, fittings, pumps, tanks, valves, control valves, main valves
 or ferrules, pressure control devices, flow control devices, backflow prevention devices,
 filters, water meters, flow control systems, all types of hydraulic, electric and electronic

extra low voltage control systems including relays, timers, flow switches, level controls and other ancillary controls up to thirty two (32) volts AC and DC including the associated wiring for such equipment and all other components required to form a complete system of irrigation.

- the installation of any irrigation drainage including any system of channels, pipes, pits, sub-soil agricultural pipes and the like, installed for such purposes as receiving and removing water, prevent water saturation of the soil or other medium, reducing salt and chemical build-up in the soil or other medium as a result of irrigation.
- associated excavation, levelling and trenching work including the operation of manual or mechanical equipment required.
- nothing in this definition authorises an irrigation installer to perform work which
 requires certification or registration unless that person holds such certification or
 registration pursuant to the appropriate State legislation or regulations.

Lagger means a person that insulates or clads ducts, pipes, valves or any other thing used in or in connection with the plumbing and air conditioning industry for the protection of thermal and or acoustics.

Leading hand means an employee who is given by the employer, or his/her agent, the responsibility of directing and/or supervising the work of other persons, or in the case of only one person, the specific responsibility of directing and/or supervising the work of that person.

Ordinary rate means the relevant Hourly Rate specified in Appendix A – Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance. For the purposes of clarity:- **time and a half** means the hourly rate plus fifty per cent (50%); **double time** means the hourly plus one hundred per cent (100%); **double time and half** means the hourly rate plus one hundred and fifty per cent (150%).

OHS Act means the *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004* (Vic) as amended or replaced from time to time.

PFS Award means the *Plumbing and Fire Sprinklers Award 2020* (MA000036)

Plumber – Registered means an employee employed by the employer who has satisfactorily completed a plumbing trades' apprenticeship and is registered with the Victorian Building Authority (**VBA**) to carry out some, or all, of the main classes of plumbing and / or the specialist classes of plumbing in accordance with the regulatory system.

Plumber – Provisional Registration means an employee employed by the employer who has satisfactorily completed a plumbing trades' apprenticeship, but has not yet been registered with the VBA as a Plumber - Registered.

Plumbers' labourer means a person primarily engaged to perform general labouring, unloading of materials and generally assisting a plumber, providing that any work done by a labourer is not covered by registration of any class of plumbing.

RTO means a Registered Training Organisation.

Shiftworker means an employee who works ordinary hours during any shift finishing after 6.00 p.m. and at or before 7.00 a.m. A shiftworker will be entitled to payment of penalty rates in accordance with Clause 35 – Shift Work.

Union means The Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia (CEPU).

PART 2 – CONSULTATION AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

10 CONSULTATION

- **10.1** This Clause applies if the employer:-
- **10.1.1** has made a definite decision to introduce a *major change* to production, program, organisation, structure or technology in relation to the employer that is likely to have a significant effect on the employees; or
- **10.1.2** Subject to Clause 31.2, proposes to introduce a change to the regular roster or ordinary hours of work of employees

Major Change

- **10.2** For a major change referred to in Clause 10.1.1:
- the employer must notify the relevant employees who will be affected by the decision as soon as practicable prior to implementation. The employer must discuss with the relevant employees and/or their appointed representative/s (e.g Union or other representative) the introduction of the change; and the effect the change is likely to have on the employees.
- 10.3 The relevant employees may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this term.
- **10.4** If:
- **10.4.1** a relevant employee appoints, or relevant employees appoint, a representative for the purposes of consultation; and
- **10.4.2** the employee or employees advise the employer of the identity of the representative; the employer must recognise the representative.
- **10.5** As soon as practicable after making its decision, the employer must:
- **10.5.1** discuss with the relevant employees:
 - **10.5.1(a)** the introduction of the change; and
 - **10.5.1(b)** the effect the change is likely to have on the employees; and
 - **10.5.1(c)** measures the employer is taking to avert or mitigate the adverse effect of the change on the employees; and
- **10.5.2** for the purposes of the discussion—provide, in writing, to the relevant employees:
 - **10.5.2(a)** all relevant information about the change including the nature of the change proposed; and
 - 10.5.2(b) information about the expected effects of the change on the employees; and

- **10.5.2(c)** any other matters likely to affect the employees.
- **10.6** However, the employer is not required to disclose confidential or commercially sensitive information to the relevant employees.
- 10.7 The employer must give prompt and genuine consideration to matters raised about the major change by the relevant employees and /or their appointed representative.
- 10.8 If a term in this agreement provides for a major change to production, program, organisation, structure or technology in relation to the employer of the employer, the requirements set out in Clause 10.1.1, 10.1.3 and 10.1.5 are taken not to apply.
- **10.9** In this Clause, a major change is *likely to have a significant effect on employees* if it results in:
- **10.9.1** the termination of the employment of employees; or
- **10.9.2** major change to the composition, operation or size of the employer's workforce or to the skills required of employees; or
- **10.9.3** the elimination or diminution of job opportunities (including opportunities for promotion or tenure); or
- **10.9.4** the alteration of hours of work; or
- **10.9.5** the need to retrain employees; or
- **10.9.6** the need to relocate employees to another workplace; or
- **10.9.7** the restructuring of jobs.

Change to regular roster or ordinary hours of work

- **10.10.1** For a change referred to in Clause 10.1.2:
- 10.10.2 the employer must notify the relevant employees of the proposed change; and
- **10.10.3** Clauses 10.11 to 10.15 apply.
- **10.11** The relevant employees may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this term.
- **10.12** If:
- **10.12.1** a relevant employee appoints, or relevant employees appoint, a representative for the purposes of consultation; and
- **10.12.2** the employee or employees advise the employer of the identity of the representative; the employer must recognise the representative.
- **10.13** As soon as practicable after proposing to introduce the change, the employer must:
- 10.13.1 discuss with the relevant employees the introduction of the change; and
- **10.13.2** for the purposes of the discussion—provide to the relevant employees:

- **10.13.2(a)** all relevant information about the change, including the nature of the change; and
- **10.13.2(b)** information about what the employer reasonably believes will be the effects of the change on the employees; and
- **10.13.2(c)** information about any other matters that the employer reasonably believes are likely to affect the employees; and
- **10.13.3** invite the relevant employees to give their views about the impact of the change (including any impact in relation to their family or caring responsibilities).
- **10.14** However, the employer is not required to disclose confidential or commercially sensitive information to the relevant employees.
- 10.15 The employer must give prompt and genuine consideration to matters raised about the change by the relevant employees and/or their appointed representative.
- **10.16** In this clause:

relevant employees means the employees who may be affected by a change referred to in Clause 10.1.

10.17 This clause is to be read in conjunction with Clause 31 - Hours of Work.

11. CONSULTATIVE MECHANISMS

11.1 Effective consultation is essential for continuous workplace reform and such consultation can take place at any time during the life of a project. Consultative Committees may be set up on larger projects for this purpose. The Consultative Committee will operate for the purpose of continually assessing the efficiency of working arrangements, monitoring the outcomes of this Agreement, coordinating training activities and sharing pertinent information.

12. SITE SAFETY CONSULTATIVE MECHANISMS

Safety supervisor

- On every job site, where the employer is the principal contractor it shall appoint a member of its staff to act as the Safety Supervisor. The Safety Supervisor shall be given the necessary authority to ensure that all safety laws, procedures or Codes of Practice are observed, and that the following Safety Agreement is applied.
- 12.2 The person appointed shall be experienced in the work being performed. Other duties may be assigned by the employer to a Safety Supervisor, provided that such duties shall not prevent him/her from exercising his/her duties as a Safety Supervisor.

Workplace Health and Safety Representatives

- 12.3 On every job site, Health and Safety Representative/s may be elected in accordance with the OHS Act.
- 12.4 A Health & Safety Representative will be allowed reasonable paid time during working hours to attend to job matters affecting employees he/she represents providing that the Representative informs their manager and agreement is reached. At all other times the Representative will perform productive work within his/her range of qualifications and competencies.

Duties of Safety Supervisor and Health & Safety Representative/s

12.4 The Safety Supervisor and the Health & Safety Representative/s elected under the OHS Act shall be responsible for carrying out regular safety inspections, investigating safety complaints, taking all steps to ensure that safe work practices are observed, and that safety laws, procedures or Codes of Practice are strictly observed.

Safety Committee

- **12.6** A Health and Safety Committee may be established on a job.
- Where a Health and Safety Committee is established on a job, it shall include the employers Safety Supervisor and the Health and Safety Representative/s.
- **12.8** The Health and Safety Committee may, by agreement, include additional Workers' Representatives and employer Representatives of significant sub-contractors.
- 12.9 The Health and Safety Committee shall meet as often as is necessary to provide an overview of safety on the job, and assist in the promotion of a safe working environment on the job site. The Safety Committee shall minute the meetings and determine an action plan for the rectification of unsafe items.

13. PROCEDURE FOR DEALING WITH SAFETY ISSUES OR INCIDENTS

This procedure shall be followed in good faith and without unreasonable delay. If an issue is not settled by observance of this procedure, or if the procedure is disregarded by either party, the matter may be submitted to the Victorian Building Industry Disputes Panel (**VBIDP**) for resolution. Nothing in this Agreement shall take precedence over the OHS Act.

Parties to the resolution of issues

- 13.1 The employer must nominate management representatives who are responsible for dealing with specified health and safety issues, and must, so far as is practicable:
- **13.1.1** notify the Employees of the nominations in the manner that is, and in the languages that are, appropriate; and
- **13.1.2** notify in writing the health and safety committee of the nominations.
- At any stage in the resolution of an issue, any party may call in the employee/employer representative or advisor to assist the parties to resolve the issue. If the person invited to assist the parties is a building association official that building association official must personally hold a valid right of entry permit under the FW Act to enter premises where construction work is performed.

Procedure for reporting issues

- 13.3 If an employee wishes to raise a health and safety issue in a workplace, that employee must report it to the health and safety representative or the employer's supervisor.
- 13.4 If the health and safety representative is not able to be contacted, an employee wishing to raise a health and safety issue in a workplace, must report it to the employer's safety supervisor or another employer representative.

- An employee may take all steps that are necessary, including leaving the employee's part of the workplace, to report an issue.
- 13.6 If the employer identifies a health and safety issue it may report it to the health and safety representative.

Procedure for resolving issues

- 13.7 As soon as possible after an issue has been reported, the employer's safety supervisor or another management representative and the health and safety representative must meet and try to resolve the issue.
- **13.8** The resolution of the relevant issue must take into account any of the following factors that may be relevant:
- **13.9.1** whether the hazard or risk can be isolated;
- **13.9.2** the number and location of Employees affected by it;
- **13.9.3** whether appropriate temporary measures are possible or desirable;
- **13.9.4** whether environmental monitoring is desirable;
- **13.9.5** the time that may elapse before the hazard or risk is permanently corrected;
- **13.9.6** who is responsible for performing and overseeing the removal of the hazard or risk.
- 13.10 If any party involved in the resolution of the issue requests, the details of the issue and all matters relating to its resolution must be set out in writing by the employer to the satisfaction of all parties.
- As soon possible after the resolution of an issue, details of the agreement must be brought to the attention of affected employees in an appropriate manner.

Direction to cease work

- **13.12** If:
- **13.12.1** an issue concerning health or safety arises at a workplace or from the conduct of the undertaking of an employer; and
- **13.12.2** the issue concerns work which involves an immediate threat to the health or safety of any person; and
- **13.13** given the nature of the threat and degree of risk, it is not appropriate to adopt the processes set out in Clause 13.3 of this Agreement;
 - the employer or the health and safety representative for the designated work group in relation to which the issue has arisen may, after consultation between them, direct that the work is to cease.
- During any period for which work has ceased in accordance with such a direction, the employer may assign any Employees whose work is affected to suitable alternative work.

Inspector may be requested to attend workplace

- 13.15 If an issue is not resolved under Clause 13.3 of this Agreement, within a reasonable time, or an issue is the subject of a direction under Clause 13.12 of this Agreement that work is to cease, any of the parties attempting to resolve the issue may ask the relevant health and safety authority to arrange for an inspector to attend at the workplace as soon as practicable to enquire into the issue.
- **13.16** If:
- **13.16.1** the inspector issues a prohibition notice; or
- **13.16.2** otherwise determines that there was reasonable cause for employees to be concerned for their health or safety,

an employee who, as a result of the issue arising, does not work for any period pending its resolution but would otherwise be entitled to be paid for that period continues to be entitled to be paid for that period if relocation is not available.

Rectification of safety hazard

- 13.17 Where, because of the existence of a safety hazard, a site has been stopped for a defined period of time and employees sent off site by agreement between Site Managers and any combination of Employee Representative/s, Health and Safety Committee, those people who remain on site to do rectification work will be paid at the rate of double time for all such work.
- 13.8 This would not be applicable on normal housekeeping work or where a section of the site has been declared unsafe and normal rectification occurs whilst the remainder of the site carries on working. It is agreed that any 'housekeeping' work performed on projects is to be paid at single time rate.

14. <u>DISPUTES RESOLUTION PROCEDURE</u>

This Agreement recognises the union as a legitimate representative of the employees covered by this Agreement.

- A major objective of this Agreement is to eliminate lost time and/or production arising out of disputes or grievances. Disputes over any work related or industrial matter or any matters arising out of the operation of the Agreement or disputes concerning the National Employment Standards or incidental to the operation of the Agreement should be dealt with as close to its source as possible. Disputes over matters arising from this Agreement or disputes concerning the National Employment Standards (or any other dispute related to the employment relationship) shall be dealt with according to the following procedure.
- In the event of any work related grievance arising between the employer and an employee or employees, the matter shall be dealt with in the following manner where at each step an employee may be represented including for the purposes of a formal determination procedure by FWC:
- **14.2.1** The matter shall be first submitted by the employee/s or his/her employee representative or other representative to the site foreperson, supervisor or the other appropriate site representative of the employer, and if not settled, to a more senior employer representative.
- **14.2.2** Alternatively, the employer may submit an issue to the employee/s who may seek the assistance and involvement of the employee representative or other representative.

- **14.2.3** Work shall continue without interruption from industrial stoppages, bans and/or limitations while these procedures are being followed. The pre-dispute status quo shall prevail while the matter is being dealt with in accordance with this procedure.
- 14.2.4 If still not resolved, there may be discussions between the relevant Employee Representative official (if requested by the employee/s), or other representative of the employee, and senior employer representative.
- **14.2.5** The relevant Employee Representative commits to make him / herself available to be involved at any stage of the procedure as required, or in respect of any potential dispute.
- **14.2.6** Should the matter remain unresolved either of the parties or their representative shall refer the dispute at first instance to the VBIDP (which shall deal with the dispute in accordance with the Panel Charter).
- **14.2.7** Either party may, within fourteen (21) days of a decision of the Panel, refer that decision to the FWC for review. The FWC may exercise its conciliation and / or arbitration powers in such review.
- Any outcome determined by the VBIDP or the FWC pursuant to this procedure will not be inconsistent with, the FW Act.
- **14.4** This procedure shall be followed in good faith without unreasonable delay.
- 14.5 If any party fails or refuses to follow any step of this procedure the non-breaching party will not be obligated to continue through the remaining steps of the procedure, and may immediately seek relief by application to the FWC.

Conciliation

- **14.6.1** The person(s) who raised the dispute, or his or her expressly nominated representative (or agent), may refer the dispute to the FWC for private conciliation.
- **14.6.2** Before the process commences the FWC may confer with the parties informally about matters of procedure, such as:
 - **14.6.2(a)** the presentation of each side's position (whether oral or in writing);
 - **14.6.2(b)** confidentiality requirements;
 - **14.6.2(c)** representation at the private conciliation;
 - **14.6.2(d)** timing, location and duration of the conciliation;
 - **14.6.2(e)** whether a telephone conference is all that is needed in the first instance; and
 - **14.6.2(f)** any further particulars about the FWC's role in relation to establishing procedures.
- Subject to the preceding clause, it is agreed that the FWC will observe confidentiality about all aspects of the dispute, and, consistent with its expected role to this point, may do such things as:
- **14.7.1** help the parties identify and define the matters in dispute;

- 14.7.2 help the parties to develop a procedure which is aimed at achieving resolution of the dispute quickly, fairly and cost-effectively;
- **14.7.3** where appropriate, suggest particular dispute resolution techniques for individual issues aimed at narrowing the matters in dispute quickly, fairly and cost-effectively; and
- **14.7.4** act as the facilitator of direct negotiations between the parties.
- The parties further agree that during the conciliation, the FWC may, at its discretion, discuss the matter(s) in dispute privately with any of the parties to the dispute or their representatives. The FWC shall keep confidential the content of any such discussion, and shall not expressly or impliedly convey the content of such discussion (or part thereof) unless specifically authorised to do so.
- 14.9 If the FWC is of the view that having completed the above process the matter(s) in dispute remains unresolved, it may:
- **14.9.1** make suggestions for resolution of the dispute;
- **14.9.2** express opinions as to what would constitute a reasonable resolution of the dispute, or any part thereof; or
- 14.9.3 if the matter in dispute is not resolved, it may within seven (7) days of notice of termination provide a written report to the parties expressing the FWC's opinion of what would constitute a reasonable resolution of the dispute, or any part thereof.
- **14.10** Any function performed by the FWC in this regard is advisory only, and is not binding upon the parties.

Formal Determination

- **14.11** If the matter(s) in dispute remain unresolved the FWC may make a formal determination.
- **14.12** The parties agree to abide by the determination.
- 14.13 An employee/s may be represented for the purposes of a formal determination procedure by the FWC.
- 14.14 Before making its determination the FWC will give the parties an opportunity to be heard formally on the matter(s) in dispute. In making its determination the FWC will only have regard to the materials, including witness evidence, and submissions put before it at the hearing and will disregard any admissions, concessions, offers or claims made in mediation.
- 14.15 The FWC can make and issue directions in relation to the process leading to its determination and the parties will abide by those directions.
- 14.16 The FWC will provide the determination in writing to the parties as quickly as practicable after hearing the parties. A determination of the disputed matter or matters will not constitute an order by the FWC under the FW Act.
- **14.17** This procedure shall be followed in good faith without unreasonable delay.
- 14.18 If any party fails or refuses to follow any step of this procedure the non-breaching party will not be obligated to continue through the remaining steps of the procedure and may immediately seek relief by application to the FWC.

PART 3 - TYPES OF EMPLOYMENT AND TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

15. **GENERAL**

- **15.1** A tradesperson or a labourer shall be engaged as a daily hire employee or a casual. An apprentice shall be engaged as a weekly hire employee.
- **15.2** At the time of engagement the employer will inform each employee of the terms of their engagement.

16. EMPLOYEES ON DAILY HIRE

Daily Hire

- **16.1** The following provisions will apply to daily hire employees:
- 16.1.1 One (1) days' notice of termination of employment will be given by either party or one (1) day's pay must be paid or forfeited;
- 16.1.2 Notice given at or before the usual starting time of any ordinary working day will expire at the completion of that day's work;
- 16.1.3 A tradesperson will be allowed one (1) hour prior to termination to gather, clean, sharpen, pack and transport tools; and
- 16.1.4 Nothing in this Clause will affect the right of an employer to dismiss an employee without notice for misconduct or refusing duty.
- 16.2 This Clause will not apply to employees engaged as an Apprentice.

17. CASUAL EMPLOYEES

- 17.1 The employer will not engage employees as casual employees merely to avoid an obligation under this Agreement.
- **17.2** A casual employee is an employee engaged and paid as such.
- 17.3 In addition to the appropriate rate for the type of work, a casual employee will be paid an additional twenty five percent (25%) of the hourly rates with a minimum payment for three (3) hours' employment.
- 17.4 After four (4) weeks employment as a casual employee the loading as per 17.3 shall increase to 40%. This clause does not apply to an irregular casual employee.
- 17.5 The casual loading prescribed in Clause 17.3 & 17.4 will be paid to relevant employees in lieu of paid leave and notice on termination.
- 17.6 A casual employee, other than an irregular casual employee, who has been engaged on a regular and systematic basis for a period of six (6) months or more will be entitled to elect to convert to daily hire employment.

- Where a casual employee elects to convert their employment to daily hire in accordance with Clause 17.6, conversion to daily hire will be offered as full-time or part-time employment (i.e. a full time daily hire employee is engaged and paid for thirty-eight (38) hours per week).
- A casual employee who has the right to elect to convert their employment in accordance with Clause 17.6 will give four (4) weeks' notice in writing to the employer.
- 17.9 Where the employer receives notice of the right to elect in accordance with Clause 17.7, the employer must:
- 17.9.1 respond to the employee's notice within four (4) weeks of receiving the notice;
- 17.9.2 notify the employee in writing stating whether the conversion has been accepted or refused; and
- 17.9.3 not unreasonably so refuse conversion to daily hire.

Definitions

17.10 For the purposes of this clause:-

Irregular casual means an employee who has no firm advance commitment from the employer to continuing and indefinite work according to an agreed pattern of work. When a person is engaged for casual employment the employee will be provided with a document (for example, via a hard copy provided in person or by electronic means) that specifies the job to be performed, the classification level in accordance with this Agreement, the actual or anticipated length of engagement including number of hours to be worked in that period, and the relevant rate of pay and any allowances.

Note: Indicia of 'no firm advance commitment' include, but are not limited to:

- i. irregular work patterns;
- ii. uncertainty of work;
- iii. discontinuity of work;
- iv. intermittency of work; and
- v. unpredictability of work.

18. <u>EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEE DUTIES</u>

- 18.1 The employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties as are within the limits of the employee's skill, competence and training consistent with the classification structure of this Agreement provided that such duties are not designed to promote de skilling.
- 18.2 It is understood that during periods of peak load it is a common practice for an employer to source plumbers from other plumbing employers for the purpose of supplementing their own labour force.

19. <u>APPRENTICES</u>

General

- **19.1.1** Apprentices will be engaged as a full time weekly hire apprentice for a period of four (4) years, **or** for the remainder of their apprenticeship.
- 19.1.2 Subject to Clause 19.1.4, apprentices will be entitled to all terms / conditions of employment, wages and allowances as prescribed in this Agreement.

- 19.1.3 In determining the wages to be paid to an apprentice, any credit applicable to the term of the apprenticeship will be counted as part of the term of the apprenticeship already completed.
- **19.1.4** The following clauses shall have no application or operation to an apprentice:-
 - Clause 21 Termination of Employment; and
 - Clause 22 Redundancy; and
 - Clause 32 Presenting for Work but not Required.
- 19.2 Except where it is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of the *Education and Training Reform Act 2006* (Vic) will apply to Apprentices.

Training Contract

- 19.3.1 An apprentice shall be party to an Apprenticeship / Traineeship Training Contract (**Training Contract**).
- **19.3.2** The Training Contract forms a legally binding agreement between the employer and an apprentice for the training of the apprentice.
- **19.3.3** The Training Contract establishes obligations on the employer and the apprentice.
- 19.3.4 The employer will provide training and / or provide access to training consistent with the contract or training agreement and without loss of pay.

Suspension / Cancellation of Training Contract

- **19.4.1** The Training Contract may be cancelled or suspended in accordance with the requirements of the Training Contract.
- **19.4.2** Where the Training Contract is temporarily suspended, the apprentice will be immediately placed on leave without pay.
- 19.4.3 In addition, where the Training Contract is temporarily suspended, the apprentice will not progress to the next Year Level of their apprenticeship while on suspension.

Disputes

- 19.5.1 Any question or difference arising between the employer and an apprentice about:-
 - **19.5.1(a)** the Training Contract, or anything contained in the Training Contract; or
 - **19.5.1(b)** the construction or operation of the Training Contract; or
 - **19.5.1(c)** the rights, duties and liabilities of the employer or apprentice under the Training Contract;

shall be referred by either the employer or the apprentice to the Victorian Registration & Qualifications Authority (VRQA).

- **19.5.2** If a matter is referred to the VRQA under Clause 19.5.1, the VRQA may:-
 - **19.5.2(a)** cancel, suspend or vary the Training Contract; or

- **19.5.2(b)** order the employer and the apprentice to the Training Contract to perform all or specified obligations or duties under or related to the Training Contract; or
- **19.5.2(c)** make any consequential orders that the VRQA thinks fit; or
- **19.5.2(d)** make any other order the VRQA thinks fit.

Training Plan

- **19.6.1** An apprentice shall be a party to an individual Training Plan.
- 19.6.2 The Training Plan sets out the training that the apprentice will do both on the job and off the job. The Training Plan also sets out how the Registered Training Organisation (RTO) will ensure the apprentice will receive quality training both on the job and off the job.
- **19.6.3** The Training Plan reflects the choices made by the employer and the apprentice in relation to:-
 - the RTO that will train the apprentice;
 - which competency standards will be covered and in what order;
 - when, where and how training is provided;
 - which trainer / facilitator provides the training;
 - who assesses the apprentice; and
 - how the training is evaluated.

Redundancy Protection Scheme

- **19.7.1** The employer shall enrol all apprentices in a Redundancy Protection Scheme.
- **19.7.2** The Incolink Redundancy Protection Scheme or a similar scheme providing equivalent benefits or better benefits shall be taken as agreed to by the majority of apprentices and the employer for the purpose of this Clause.

From 1 March 2024, the employer will contribute \$5.00 per week per apprentice for the Redundancy Protection Scheme to apprentices.

RTO Training

- 19.8.1 The employer will release the apprentice to attend a Registered Training Organisation (RTO) during ordinary hours of work for the purposes of undertaking the off the job component of the apprenticeship without loss of pay (including fares and travel time allowances).
- 19.8.2 Apprentices will be paid all wages and allowances as specified by this Agreement for time spent attending at an RTO in the course of their apprenticeship. All time spent attending the RTO in the course of the apprenticeship will count as time served for all purposes of the Agreement.
- 19.8.3 If an apprentice is required to attend an RTO on the day of an RDO or on picnic day, the apprentice will be entitled to a substitute day to be taken at a time agreed to by the employer and the apprentice. Overtime rates will not apply.

Reimbursement of TAFE / Tuition Fees (including Textbooks)

- **19.9.1** Apprentices attending an RTO will be reimbursed tuition fees (including textbooks) and materials fee paid by the apprentice in respect of their training at the end of each year.
- 19.9.2 The employer will not reimburse an apprentice for fees incurred prior to their appointment with the employer. If an apprentice joins the employer for a part of a year, the employer will reimburse the apprentice their fees on a pro rata basis.
- 19.9.3 Reimbursement (in accordance with Clause 19.9.1) will be subject to presentation of evidence:-
 - **19.9.3(a)** supporting the satisfactory completion of such training; and
 - **19.9.3(b)** evidence of payment (including the applicable invoice/s and the applicable receipt/s).

Note:- The receipt shall be in the form of an itemised account that details how the payment was made up.

- 19.9.4 Where an apprentice termination occurs by mutual agreement or redundancy, the apprentices shall be entitled to a reimbursement for tuition fees and materials fee for all schooling that has been successfully completed up to the termination date.
- 19.9.5 Reimbursement (in accordance with Clause 19.9.1, will not "double dip" any government subsidy, reimbursement payment by another employer, or similar payments to which the apprentice may be entitled. This does not include any government allowance(s) for tools or equipment.

Termination of Employment by the Employer - Notice specifying day of termination

- 19.9.6 An employer must not terminate an apprentice's employment unless the employer has given the apprentice written notice of the day of the termination (which cannot be before the day the notice is given) by:-
 - **19.9.6(a)** delivering it personally; or
 - **19.9.6(b)** leaving it at the apprentice's last known address; or
 - **19.9.6(c)** sending it by pre-paid post to the apprentice's last known address.

Note:- In accordance with Schedule 4 – State Training and Employment Provisions of the *Education and Training Reform Act 2006* (Act No 24/2006) (Vic) the written notice of termination must also be forwarded to the Victorian Skills Commission within five (5) working days after the termination.

Termination of Employment by the Employer - Amount of notice or payment in lieu of notice

- **19.10.** The employer must not terminate the apprentice's employment unless:-
- **19.10.1** the time between giving the notice and the day of the termination is at least the period (the *minimum period of notice*) worked out under Clause 19.10.3; or
- the employer has paid to the apprentice (or to another person on the apprentice's behalf) payment in lieu of notice of at least the amount the employer would have been liable to pay to the apprentice (or to another person on the apprentice's behalf) at the full rate of pay for the hours the apprentice would have worked had the employment continued until the end of the minimum period of notice.

- **19.10.3** Work out the minimum period of notice as follows:
 - 19.10.3(a) first, work out the period using the following table:-

Apprentice's period of continuous service with the employer at the end of the day the notice is given	Period of Notice
Not more than 1 year	1 week
More than 1 year but not more than 3 years	2 weeks
More than 3 years but not more than 5 years	3 weeks
More than 5 years	4 weeks

19.10.3(b) then increase the period by one (1) week if the apprentice is over forty -five (45) years old and has completed at least two (2) years of continuous service with the employer at the end of the day the notice is given.

Notice of termination by an apprentice

- 19.10.4 The notice of termination required to be given by an apprentice is the same as that required of the employer, except that there is no requirement on the apprentice to give additional notice based on the age of the apprentice concerned.
- 19.10.5 If an apprentice fails to give the required notice the employer may withhold from any wages due to the apprentice under the Agreement an amount that is no more than one (1) week's wages for the apprentice. Any deduction made under this clause must not be unreasonable in the circumstances.

Job search entitlement

- 19.11.1 Where the employer has given notice of termination to an apprentice, an apprentice must be allowed up to one (1) days' time off without loss of pay for the purpose of seeking other employment.
- **19.11.2** The time off is to be taken at times that are convenient to the apprentice after consultation with the employer.

Redundancy

The provisions of this Clause do not apply when the apprentice completes the approved training contract and cannot be placed into employment with the employer.

Entitlement to redundancy pay

- 19.12 An apprentice is entitled to be paid redundancy pay by the employer if the apprentice's employment is terminated, prior to the completion of the apprentice's training contract and such termination:-
- is at the employer's initiative, because the employer no longer requires the job done by the apprentice to be done by anyone, except where this is due to the ordinary and customary turnover of labour; or
- **19.12.3** because of the insolvency, or bankruptcy, of the employer.

Redundancy - Amount of redundancy pay

19.12.4 Subject to Clause 19.12.5, the amount of redundancy pay equals the total amount payable to the apprentice for the redundancy pay period worked out using the following table at the apprentice's rate of pay prescribed in Appendix A – for his / her ordinary hours of work:-

Rec	Redundancy pay period				
	Apprentice's period of continuous service with the employer on termination	Redundancy pay period			
1	At least 1 year but less than 2 years	4 weeks			
2	At least 2 years but less than 3 years	6 weeks			
3	At least 3 years but less than 4 years	7 weeks			
4	At least 4 years but less than 5 years	8 weeks			
5	At least 5 years but less than 6 years	10 weeks			
6	At least 6 years but less than 7 years	11 weeks			
7	At least 7 years but less than 8 years	13 weeks			
8	At least 8 years but less than 9 years	14 weeks			
9	At least 9 years but less than 10 years	16 weeks			
10	At least 10 years	12 weeks			

Offsetting of redundancy pay

- **19.12.5(a)** The amount of redundancy pay payable by the employer under Clause 19.12.4 shall-be-offset by the amount of redundancy pay payable to an apprentice through the Incolink Redundancy Protection Scheme.
- **19.12.5(b)** The provisions of Clause 19.12.5(a) **shall apply** whether the apprentice claims the amount of redundancy pay payable to that apprentice through the Incolink Redundancy Protection Scheme or not.

Variation of redundancy pay for other employment or incapacity to pay

- 19.13.1 This Clause applies if an apprentice is entitled to be paid an amount of redundancy pay by the employer because of Clause 19.12 and the employer:-
 - **19.13.1(a)** obtains other acceptable employment for the apprentice; or
 - **19.13.3(b)** cannot pay the amount.
- 19.13.2 On application by the employer, the FWC may determine that the amount of redundancy pay is reduced to a specified amount (which may be nil) that the FWC considers appropriate. The amount of redundancy pay to which the apprentice is entitled is the reduced amount specified in the FWC Determination.

Exclusions from obligation to pay redundancy pay

19.14.1 Clause 19.12 does not apply to the termination of an apprentice's employment if, immediately before the time of the termination, or at the time when the person was given notice of the termination as described in Clause 19.10 (whichever happened first):

- **19.14.1(a)** the apprentice's period of continuous service with the employer is less than twelve (12) months; or
- **19.14.1(b)** the employer is a small business employer.

Apprentice leaving during notice period

- 19.15.1 An apprentice whose employment is to be terminated in accordance with this Clause 19.12 may terminate their employment during the period of notice and if this occurs, will be entitled to the provisions of this clause as if the apprentice remains with the employer until expiry of such notice. Provided that, in such circumstances, the apprentice will not be entitled to payment instead of notice.
- **19.15.2** The employer will make reasonable attempts to identify an alternative employer with whom the Apprentice will complete the period of the indenture or contract of training.
- 19.15.3 Where the employer identifies a suitable, alternative employer in accordance with Clause 19.15.2, the employer will have no obligations with respect to Clause 19.12.
- **19.15.4** Clauses 19.12, 19.13, 19.14 and 19.15 will not apply where the Apprentice is terminated for reason of misconduct or insufficient/unsatisfactory performance

Adult Apprentice -

- 19.16.1 Where an apprentice was employed by the employer in a classification covered by the Agreement immediately prior to becoming an adult apprentice with the employer, such apprentice will not suffer a reduction in the rate of pay by virtue of entering into a Training Contract under Clause 19.3.
- 19.16.2 For the purpose of fixing a rate of pay only, the adult apprentice will continue to receive the rate of pay (inclusive of the fares allowance and travel allowance [if applicable]) that is, from time to time, applicable to the classification in which the adult apprentice was engaged immediately prior to entering into the Training Contract specified in Clause 19.3, unless the applicable rate of pay payable to that apprentice under Appendix A is higher.

20 Sham Contracting

Whilst the employer may engage labour hire for a variety of reasons, the employer acknowledges that it is not its intention to use supplementary labour to undermine the employment security and terms and conditions of employment under the Agreement.

- 20.1 The employer recognises that in certain circumstances the use of contractors and labour hire may affect the job security of employees covered by this Agreement.
- **20.2** For the purpose of this Clause:-

Contractor means a person, company or business and includes labour hire companies and sub-contractors; and

Work means work covered by the Agreement which might ordinarily be performed by current or future employees of the employer under this Agreement.

- 20.3 Where the employer makes a definite decision to engage Contractors to perform Work the employer must first consult in good faith with potentially affected employees, in accordance with Clause 10 Consultation"
- 20.4 The employer agrees to consult with potentially affected employees as soon as practicable and not less than fourteen (14) days' before the commencement of the Work by the Contractors. If for any reason this does not occur, or if the employer has less than fourteen (14) days' notice of the need to commence the work, consultation will occur as soon as practicable and in any case not more than fourteen (14) days after the Contractors commence work.
- 20.5 All subcontract firms would be engaged according to the following terms:-
 - 20.5.1 the subcontract firm will have its own safe work method statements and OHS Plans; and
 - **20.5.2** the subcontract firm will have all appropriate licences and hold current public liability and worker's compensation insurances; and
 - **20.5.3** builders will be notified that the subcontract firm has been engaged and all employees of the subcontract firm will be inducted under their company name; and
 - **20.5.4** all employees employed by the subcontract firm will hold all appropriate registrations and or licences to carry out work they are performing; and
 - **20.5.5** all employees of the subcontract firm will obey by all Site requirements.
- 20.6 In the event of a dispute about whether consultation has occurred under this clause, the matter will be dealt with in accordance with Clause 14 Dispute Resolution Procedure.
- The employer will not contravene the sham contracting provisions in Part 3-1, Division 6 of the FW Act.
- The employer will not end the employment of an employee(s) for reason of redundancy where the employer has engaged a labour hire provider or contractor(s) or to perform the work performed by employee(s) covered by this Agreement.

21. <u>TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT</u>

This clause does not apply to an Apprentice

- One (1) days' notice of termination of employment will be given on either side or one (1) days' pay will be paid or forfeited.
- The notice period provided in this Clause will not apply where an employee is dismissed on grounds which justify termination without notice i.e. wilful misconduct or refusal of duty.
- 21.3 It is the employer's prerogative to determine the order or selection of employee/s for termination or redundancy subject always to the following:
- **21.3.1** all relevant legislation will be observed;
- **21.3.2** the ability of employees within classifications, experience or skills held be considered by the employer in selecting employees for redundancy;
- 21.3.3 the dispute settlement procedures set out in Clause 14 Disputes Resolution Procedure of this Agreement, will apply in the event of any concerns regarding redundancy.
- A tradesperson will be allowed one (1) hour prior to termination to gather, clean, sharpen, pack and transport his/her tools.

Employee to be paid entitlements

On termination of employment by either the employer or employee in accordance with this clause, the employee will receive all entitlements under this Agreement that are owing to the employee on the last day of employment. Where the employer fails to make available all Agreement entitlements, along with a separation certificate, paid employment will continue until such time all such entitlements and separation certificate are forwarded to the employee.

Portable sick leave on termination

21.6 Employees, employer representatives and the employer support the industry portable sick leave scheme which ensures sick leave credits, up to a potential maximum of one hundred (100) days, are not lost on termination. As part of Termination the Employer will inform Incolink of any unused Sick Leave credits within seven (7) days of Termination.

22. REDUNDANCY

This clause does not apply to an Apprentice

Definitions

22.1 For the purposes of the Agreement:-

Redundancy means a situation where an employee ceases to be employed by the employer other than for reasons of misconduct or refusal of duty. Redundant has a corresponding meaning.

Week's pay means the relevant Total Weekly Rate as prescribed by Appendix A – Wages, Fares Allowance at the time of termination for the employee concerned.

Redundancy protection

- 22.2 The employer shall participate in a Redundancy Protection Scheme and shall make relevant contributions on behalf of all employees to provide for the payment of redundancy benefits to employees.
- **22.3** The benefits to be provided to the Employees shall be equivalent to the benefits provided by the Incolink Redundancy Protection Scheme.
- 22.3 The particular Redundancy Protection Scheme to be provided shall be agreed between the majority of employees and the employer. The Incolink Redundancy Protection Scheme or a similar scheme providing equivalent benefits shall be taken as agreed to by the majority of employees and the employer for the purpose of this clause.
- Where the employer is a member a fund of which Redundancy Payment Central Fund Ltd (Incolink) is trustee (such as one of the Redundancy Payment Approved Worker Entitlement Fund(s)), howsoever numbered (the appropriate Incolink Fund), all the employees of the employer within the scope of this Agreement will be enrolled in the appropriate Incolink Fund and be entitled to redundancy benefits in accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed.
- 22.5 The employer shall pay contributions to the appropriate Incolink Fund on behalf of each employee in accordance with the Trust Deed. If Incolink nominates any other Australian Taxation Office (ATO) approved fund pursuant to its Trust Deed the employer shall pay contributions to that fund on behalf of each employee in accordance with the constituting documents of that other fund.
- The redundancy payments which the employer is liable to pay are whichever are the greater of the entitlement of the employee as per Clause 22.4 and the entitlement of the employee under the appropriate Incolink Fund Trust Deed (or under the constituting documents of any other ATO approved fund nominated by Incolink pursuant to its Trust Deed).
- 22.7 The liability of the employer to pay redundancy payments to an employee under this Clause will be met by the making of the contributions on behalf of each employee required as a member of the appropriate Incolink Fund, or another ATO approved fund nominated by Incolink pursuant to its Trust Deed.

- **22.8** References in this Clause to the appropriate Incolink Fund include a reference to another fund for comparable purposes nominated by Incolink for the purposes of this Agreement as a fund which meets the requirements of an appropriate Incolink Fund.
- 22.9 The provisions of this clause will not result in any 'double dipping' in respect to benefits payable to an employee.

22.10 Redundancy funds

- **22.10.1** This Clause will be read in conjunction with Clause 22.2 of this Agreement except that where there is any inconsistency; Clause 22.2 of this Agreement will prevail.
- **22.10.2** An employer bound by this Agreement may utilise a fund to meet all or some of the liabilities created by this clause. Where:-
- **22.10.3** the employer utilises such a fund, payments made by a fund designed to meet an employer's liabilities under this clause, to employees eligible for redundancy/severance pay will be set off against the liability of the employer under this clause, and the employee will receive the fund payment or the Agreement benefit whichever is the greater but not both; or
- 22.10.4 a fund, which has been established pursuant to an agreement between unions and employers, does not make payments in accordance with this clause, contributions made by an employer on behalf of an employee to the fund will, to the extent of those contributions, be set off against the liability of the employer under this clause, and payments to the employee will be made in accordance with the rules of the fund or any agreement relating thereto and the employee will be entitled to the fund benefit or the Agreement benefit whichever is greater but not both.

Redundancy pay

22.11 A redundant employee will receive redundancy/severance payments, calculated as follows, in respect of all continuous service (as defined by this Agreement) with the employer.

Period of continuous service with the employer	Redundancy/severance pay
1 year or more but less than 2 years	2.4 week's pay plus, for all service in excess of 1 year, 1.75 hours pay per completed week of service up to a maximum of 4.8 week's pay
2 years or more but less than 3 years	4.8 week's pay plus, for all service in excess of 2 years, 1.6 hours pay per completed week of service up to a maximum of 7 week's pay
3 years or more but less than 4 years	7 week's pay plus, for all service in excess of 3 years, 0.73 hours pay per completed week of service up to a maximum of 8 week's pay
4 years or more	8 week's pay

Provided that an employee employed for less than twelve months will be entitled to a redundancy/severance payment of 1.75 hours per week of service if, and only if, redundancy is occasioned otherwise than by the employee.

22.12 If an employee dies with a period of eligible service which would have entitled that employee to redundancy pay, such redundancy pay entitlement will be paid to the estate of the employee.

Casual employees and Apprentices

- 22.13 Any period of service as a casual employee will not entitle an employee to accrue service in accordance with this Clause for that period.
- 22.14 Service as an Apprentice will entitle an employee to accumulate credits towards the payment of a redundancy benefit in accordance with this Clause if the employee completes an apprenticeship and remains in employment with the employer for a further twelve (12) months.

Employee leaving during notice

22.15 An employee whose employment is to be terminated in accordance with this Clause may terminate his or her employment during the period of notice and if this occurs, will be entitled to the provisions of this Clause as if the employee remains with the employer until expiry of such notice. Provided that in such circumstances, the employee will not be entitled to payment in lieu of notice.

PART 4 – REMUNERATION AND PAYMENT OF WAGES

23. PAYMENT OF WAGES AND TIME RECORDS

Payment of Wages

- Wage rates and allowances will be in accordance with Appendix A Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance.
- All wages, allowances and other monies will; be paid in cash or electronic funds transfer into an account/s of a recognised financial institution nominated by the employee.
- **23.3** All wages, allowances and other monies are to be paid weekly.
- The employer shall ensure that all payments are made by no later than the close of business on a Thursday of each week.
- 23.5 Should payday coincide with a public holiday, the employer shall pay the employee on the last working day preceding the public holiday.
- The employer will not be held liable for any unforeseen event outside the control of the employer which prevents the employer from complying with this clause; for example, bank error or delay.

Payment on termination

- 23.7 Subject to Clause 23.8, when notice of termination of employment has been given by the employee, or an employee's services has been terminated by the employer, payment of all wages and other monies owed to the employee will be made on the day concerned.
- Where it is impractical to comply with Clause 23.7, the employer shall pay the employee by no later than the normal pay period as prescribed in Clause 23.4.

Payslips

- Particulars of details of payment to each employee will be provided in a statement handed to the employee at the time payment is made and will contain the following information:
 - name and classification of the employee;
 - date of payment;
 - period covered by such payment;
 - the number of ordinary hours worked;
 - the amount of wages for work at ordinary rates and the hourly rate;
 - the gross amount of wages and allowances paid;
 - the amount of each deduction made and the name of the fund or account to which it was paid;
 - the net amount of wages and allowances paid;
 - the number of hours paid at overtime rates, the hourly rate(s) and the total amount paid;
 - the amount of allowances or special rates paid and the nature thereof;
 - annual leave loading payments;
 - payment due on termination, including payment for annual leave, rostered day off accumulation, and public holidays;
 - the employee's superannuation fund name, account number and amount of contributions made to it;
 - as required by Fair Work Regulations 2009 (FW Regs) or under the FW Act; as well as the following:
 - the employee's long service leave registration number.

Time Records

- **23.10** The employer will keep a record for a continuous period of seven (7) years from which can be readily ascertained the following:
 - the name of the employer;
 - the name of each employee and his/her classification;
 - the date of birth of the employee as provided by the employee;
 - the date the employee's employment began;
 - the hours worked each day;
 - when the employee started and ceased work;
 - the rate of remuneration at which the employee is paid;
 - the gross amount of wages and allowances paid;
 - the amount of each deduction made and the nature of it;
 - the net amount of wages and allowances paid;

• the leave taken by the employee, the employee's entitlement from time to that leave, and accrual of leave;

as required by FW Regs, as well as the following:

- the employer's workers compensation policy or other satisfactory proof of insurance such as a renewal certificate;
- any relevant records which detail taxation deductions and remittances to the Australian Taxation Office, including those payments made as PAYG Tax, whether under a Group Employer's Scheme or not;
- a certificate or other documentation from the State Long Service Leave Board or authority which will confirm the employer's registration, the date of the last payment, and the period for which that payment applies;
- the employer's and the employee's relevant superannuation scheme name and number, the amount of contributions made, the period over which the contributions are made, when the contributions are made, and details of any election of fund made by an employee, including the name of the employee, the fund, and the date the election was made;
- the location of the job if it is outside the radius specified in Appendix B Fares Allowance and Travelling Allowance.
- 23.11 A record must be in a legible form in the English language or in a form that is readily accessible and is convertible into a legible form in the English language.

24. SUPERANNUATION

Definitions

24.1 For the purposes of the Agreement

Ordinary Time Earnings has the meaning given to that expression in the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (**SGAA**), provided that, despite anything to the contrary in the SGAA, it includes:-

- the actual ordinary rate of pay;
- any payments by way of earnings that are over and above payments prescribed under this Agreement;
- any casual rates in respect of an employee's ordinary hours of work; and
- any allowance, loading or bonus payable to employees including tool allowance, industry allowance, trade allowances, shift loading, special rates, qualification allowances (e.g. first aid, laser safety officer, etc), multi-storey allowance, district/location allowance, piecework rates, underground allowance, productivity allowance, site allowances, asbestos eradication allowance, leading hand allowance, in charge of plant allowance, supervisory allowances and daily travel pattern allowance where applicable (Fares Allowance excluded).
- Subject to the trust deed to the fund of which an employee is a member, the following provisions shall apply:-

Paid leave

24.2.1 Contributions will continue whilst a member of a fund is absent on paid leave including, annual leave, personal leave, long service leave, public holidays, jury service, compassionate leave, community service leave and (where appropriate) defence reserve leave.

Unpaid leave

24.2.2 Contributions will not be required in respect of any period of absence from work without pay of one (1) day or more. For the purpose of clarity, where an employee receives a payment for any purpose other than in accordance with Clause 24.2.1, the employee will be deemed to be on unpaid leave.

Work related injury or illness

- **24.2.3** In the event of an eligible employee's absence from work being due to work related injury or work related illness, contributions at the normal rate will continue for the period of the absence provided that:
 - **24.2.3(a)** the member of the fund is receiving workers compensation payments or is receiving regular payments directly from the employer in accordance with statutory requirements or the provisions of this Agreement.
 - **24.2.3(b)** the person remains an employee of the employer.
- 24.3 The employer must be a participating employer in the Construction and Building Unions Superannuation Scheme (Cbus). All employees covered by the Agreement (including Apprentices) of the employer shall be enrolled as members in Cbus and be entitled to superannuation benefits in accordance with the terms of the trust deed for Cbus.
- Despite anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the employer acknowledges and agrees that whether or not the employer enters into an agreement with the respective trustees for each employee's superannuation fund (Applicable Trustee) pursuant to which the Employer agrees to be bound by the terms from time to time of the trust deed for that fund (Applicable Trust Deed), the employer is deemed to have agreed with the Applicable Trustee and each employee to be bound by the terms of the Applicable Trust Deed to the extent of:-
- **24.4.1** the employer's obligations to make superannuation contributions for employees under this Agreement; and
- otherwise, an employer's obligations under the Applicable Trust Deed, and any one (1) or more of the employee, the employee's authorised representative or the Applicable Trustee may rely on this clause as conclusive evidence of the employer's agreement to be bound by the Applicable Trust Deed.
- The employer must make superannuation contributions for each employee to Cbus at a rate that is not less than the charge percentage from time to time under the SGAA or any other minimum rate of contribution prescribed by law from time to time (**Minimum Contribution Rate**). Any statutory increases to the Minimum Contribution Rate during the term of this Agreement will be in addition to the respective Ordinary Time Earnings of employees and will not result in any reduction in Ordinary Time Earnings.
- **24.6** The level of contributions paid on behalf of each employee will be:-

Where an employee (except an Apprentice) is absent from work as a result of a work related injury or illness, or long service leave, even if a 3rd party is paying all or part of the employees weekly entitlements, the level of contributions paid on behalf of each employee will be not less than the charge percentage from time to time under the *Superannuation Guarantee* (Administration) Act 1992 (Cth) (SGA Act) or any other minimum rate of contribution prescribed by law (Minimum Contribution Rate).

- 24.6.1 Any statutory increases to the Minimum Contribution Rate during the term of the Agreement will be in addition to the respective Ordinary Time Earnings (OTE) of employees and will not result in any reduction in OTE
- 24.6.2 As of 1 July 2024, the level of Minimum Contribution Rate required to be paid on behalf of each employee is eleven and a half percent (11.5%) of an employees' OTE.
- 24.7 Despite anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the superannuation contributions payable by the employer to Cbus must be paid monthly on the 1st day of each month (for example, March's payments must be paid by 1st April).
- 24.8 Subject to Clause 24.6.2, and without limiting any other provision of this Agreement, the employer shall make superannuation contributions for an employee into the employee's superannuation fund in accordance with Clause 24.2.
- 24.9 The minimum amount contained in the Agreement—will be the level of contribution to superannuation whilst an employee is on income protection up to a maximum period of fifty two (52) weeks.
- 24.10 Where an employee wishes to have their pay salary sacrificed for additional superannuation, the employer will comply with the employee's request without reasonable delay consistent with statutory requirements. All entitlements and benefits contained in this agreement, for the purposes of all contributions shall be calculated on the pre-salary-sacrifice pay.
- **24.11** Despite anything to the contrary in this Agreement:
- **24.11.1** if the employer does not make superannuation contributions for an employee in accordance with this Agreement on the due date for payment, the employer must give that employee and the Applicable Trustee written notice of the non-payment within two (2) business days of the due date for payment and include the following details in that notice:-
 - **24.11.1(a)** the reasons for the non-payment;
 - **24.11.1(a)(i)** whether the superannuation contributions remain unpaid; and
 - **24.11.1(a)(ii)** if the superannuation contributions remain unpaid, when the employer will pay those contributions;
 - **24.11.1(b)** unless contrary to any applicable law, the employer must upon request by an employee, allow that employee to during normal business hours:-
 - 24.11.1(b)(i) have full and complete access to any employment or other records that are relevant to determining whether the employer has complied with its obligations under this agreement to make superannuation contributions for the employee and if the employer has not complied, to determine the extent of the noncompliance; and
 - 24.11.1(b)(ii) take copies of any such records

(for convenience, a Contributions Records Access);

- 24.11.1(c) the employer acknowledges and agrees that if it fails to make superannuation contributions for its employees in accordance with this Agreement and otherwise comply with its obligations under an Applicable Trust Deed:
 - 24.11.1(c)(i) any one or more of the affected employees, or the authorised representative shall have standing to enforce the employer's superannuation obligations under this agreement, and in the case of the Applicable Trustee, the Applicable Trust Deed including to bring legal proceedings against the employer; and
 - 24.11.1(c)(ii) the employer will be liable to pay the legal costs of any of those parties who bring proceedings against it on a full indemnity basis in the event that that party or parties are successful in the proceedings with the intent that the employer will pay those parties all reasonable legal costs that they have incurred pursuant to the terms that they have agreed with their lawyers.
- 24.12 The employer must provide written confirmation of the superannuation contributions made by the employer for an employee on that employee's payslip which must contain full details all types of superannuation contributions (including salary sacrifice) paid on his / her behalf.

25. TRAUMA INSURANCE

- **25.1** The employer shall participate in a trauma policy insurance scheme and shall make relevant contributions on behalf of all employees to provide for the payment of trauma benefits to employees.
- **25.2** The benefits required to be provided in the Trauma Policy will be equivalent to, or superior to, the benefits provided by the Incolink administered lump sum insurance policy as at the date of this Agreement.
- 25.3 The particular Trauma Policy to be provided shall be agreed between the majority of employees and the employer. The Incolink administered lump sum insurance policy, or a similar scheme providing equivalent or superior benefits, shall be taken as agreed to by the majority of employees and the employer for the purpose of this clause.

26. <u>INCOME PROTECTION</u>

- **26.1** The employer shall participate in an income protection scheme and shall make relevant contributions on behalf of all employees to provide for the payment of income protection benefits to employees.
- The benefits required to be provided in the Income Protection Policy will be equivalent to, or superior to, the benefits provided by the Incolink Insurance and Income Protection scheme.
- The particular Protection Policy to be provided shall be agreed between the majority of employees and the employer. The Incolink Leisure Time and Income Protection Insurance Scheme, or a similar scheme providing equivalent or superior benefits, shall be taken as agreed to by the majority of employees and the employer for the purpose of this clause.

27. JOURNEY ACCIDENTS

- 27.1 The employer will insure all employees covered by this Agreement against the loss of ordinary wages arising from work absence up to a period of twelve (12) months due to injuries or illness resulting from any accident incurred in journeys between the employee's residence and the workplace, and return.
- The <u>employer</u>'s liability extends only to the reimbursement of the employee's ordinary rate and all such absences shall be supported by certification of a duly authorized medical practitioner.

28. ACCIDENT MAKE-UP PAY

Definitions

28.1 For the purpose of this clause:-

Accident pay means a weekly payment of an amount being the difference between the weekly amount of compensation paid to the employee pursuant to the said relevant workers' compensation legislation and the employee's ordinary rate and accrued entitlements prescribed by Clause 31 – Hours of work, or where the incapacity is for a lesser period than one (1) week, the difference between the amount of compensation and the said Agreement rate for that period.

- 28.2 The employer will pay an employee accident pay where the employee receives an injury for which weekly payments of compensation are payable by or on behalf of the employer pursuant to the provisions of the relevant workers' compensation legislation as amended from time to time.
- 28.3 The employer shall pay accident pay as defined in this clause, during the incapacity of their employee/s arising from any one work-related injury, for a total of fifty-two (52) weeks irrespective of whether such incapacity is in one continuous period or not.
- 28.4 The provisions of this Clause will not result in any 'double dipping' in respect to benefits payable to an employee.
- 28.5 The liability of the employer to pay accident pay in accordance with this Clause will arise as at the date of the injury or accident in respect of which compensation is payable under the said relevant workers' compensation legislation and the termination of the employee's employment for any reason during the period of any incapacity will in no way affect the liability of the employer to pay accident pay as provided in this clause.
- 28.6 In the event that an employee receives a lump sum in redemption of weekly payments under the relevant legislation, the liability of the employer to pay accident pay as herein provided will cease from the date of such redemption.
- 28.7 The employer may at any time apply to the FWC for exemption from the terms of this Clause on the grounds that an accident pay scheme proposed or implemented by the employer contains provisions generally not less favourable to his/her employees than the provisions of this clause.

29. COMPENSATION OF TOOLS OF TRADE AND CLOTHES

- 29.1 An employee whose clothes, spectacles, hearing aid, or tools have been accidentally damaged, spoilt by acid, sulphur or other substances will be paid such amount to cover the loss thereby suffered by him/her as may be agreed upon between him/her and the employer.
- The employer shall supply the employees a secure location on-site to store tools. An employee will be reimbursed by the employer to a maximum of \$1,600.00 for loss of tools or clothing by

fire or breaking and entering whilst securely stored at the employer's direction in a room or building on the employer's premises, job or workshop, or if the tools are lost or stolen while being transported by the employee at the employer's direction, or if the tools are accidentally lost over water or if tools are lost or stolen during an employee's absence after leaving the job because of injury or illness. An employee transporting his/her own tools will take all reasonable care to protect those tools and prevent theft or loss.

In all circumstances the onus is on the employee to establish that all due care and diligence was exercised to secure the safe storage and transportation of the employee's tools of trade and clothes.

- 29.3 Where an employee is absent from work because of illness or accident and has advised the employer in accordance with Clause 38 Personal (Sick and Carers) Leave, the employer will ensure that the employee's tools are securely stored during his/her absence. In the event that these tools are lost or stolen, Clause 29.2 applies.
- When the employer requires an employee to wear spectacles with toughened glass lenses the employer will pay for the toughening process or the cost of the new lenses.
- **29.5** For the purposes of this clause:
- **29.5.1** Only tools used by the employee in the course of his/her employment will be covered by this clause.
- **29.5.2** The employee will, if requested to do so, furnish the employer with a list of tools so used.
- **29.6** Reimbursement will be at the current replacement value of new tools of the same or comparable quality.
- 29.7 The employee will report any theft to the police prior to making a claim on the employer for replacement of stolen tools.

30. APPLICATION OF SITE AGREEMENTS

- **30.1.1** where a Project Agreement prescribes rates of pay and conditions to apply across the site which are not less than those contained herein, those rates and conditions will apply and the terms of this Agreement shall be suspended for the purposes of the site; or
- **30.1.2** where the Project Agreement prescribes a Site allowance, the greater of such allowance shall apply in addition to the rates of pay prescribed by this Agreement, and the terms of this agreement shall continue to apply.

PART 5 – HOURS OF WORK AND RELATED MATTER

31. HOURS OF WORK

- The ordinary hours of work will be thirty-eight (38) hours worked anytime between 6.00 a.m. and 6.00 p.m. Monday to Friday. Starting time will be between 6.00 a.m. and 9.30 a.m. The precise starting time will be arranged between the employer, the employees and the employee representative recognizing the operational requirements of the employer provided always occupational health and safety principles remain paramount. Normal starting time is 7.00 a.m.
- Where employer efficiency and client needs requires alteration of ordinary working hours such hours may be varied by agreement between the employer and seventy five per cent (75%)_of

affected employees. Employees will be given five (5) days' notice of any change in the spread of hours or start time. Occupational health and safety principles remain paramount regarding discussions concerning alteration of ordinary working hours.

- **31.3** Matters on which agreement may be reached include:
 - **31.3.1** How the hours are to be averaged in a work cycle;
 - **31.3.2** The duration of the work cycle;
 - **31.3.3** Rosters which specify starting and finishing times; and
 - **31.3.4** Daily maximum hours.

Flexibility of RDOs

- 31.4 The Rostered Days Off (RDO) Schedule at Appendix F Working Day (RDO) Calendar will be observed.
- **31.5** The RDO calendar for subsequent years will be agreed between the parties.
- **31.6** Employee/s will receive thirteen (13) RDOs each year.
- 31.7 Flexibility for the taking of RDO's is provided for In Appendix F Working Day (RDO) Calendar.

Work cycles

- The method for calculating work cycles is that the ordinary working hours will be worked in a twenty (20) day/four (4) week cycle, Monday to Friday inclusive, with eight (8) hours worked for each of nineteen (19) days, and with 0.4 of an hour on each of those days accruing towards the twentieth day, which will be taken as a paid day off. The twentieth day of the cycle will be known as the RDO and will be taken as outlined below. Payment on such an RDO will include the daily wages, Fares and Travelling Allowance, and any applicable Site Allowance.
- Provided that thirteen (13) RDOs will be accrued by an employee in each twelve (12) months continuous service. This will not apply for the period an employee is on unpaid leave.
- 31.10 Each day of paid leave taken and any holiday taken (as prescribed below) occurring during any cycle of four (4) weeks will be regarded as a day worked for accrual purposes. The term each day of paid leave only covers days worked, personal leave, annual leave and public holidays (but not RDOs).
- 31.11 Upon commencement of employment, employees who have not worked, or who are not regarded by reason of this paragraph as having worked a complete twenty (20) day/four (4) week cycle, will receive pro-rata accrual entitlements for the first RDO or group of RDOs falling after their commencement of employment. Thereafter, for the duration of employment with that employer, and provided that the employees agree, RDOs will be paid in full as they occur. If RDO's are paid in full and there is an accrual shortfall the employee/s will remain in debit with the employer.
- 31.12 At the end of each calendar year or upon termination of employment, an adjustment will be made to ensure that the full RDO entitlement, and no more, has been provided. This means that employees then having received more RDOs than they were entitled to will have the relevant amount removed from final termination payments, and employees who have received less than

their full RDO entitlement will have the outstanding amount added to final termination payments.

32. PRESENTING FOR WORK BUT NOT REQUIRED

- An employee, if engaged and presenting for work to commence employment and not being required will be entitled to at least eight (8) hours' work or payment therefore at ordinary rate, plus the appropriate allowances prescribed by Appendix A Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance for fares and travelling time.
- Clause 32.1 will not apply if the services of an employee are not required by reason of inclement weather in which case the provisions of Appendix E Inclement weather will apply.

33. **OVERTIME**

- Excessive overtime will not be worked. The overtime requirement for each project will vary and will be discussed and agreed between the employer and seventy-five per cent (75%) of affected employees on a project by project basis.
- 33.2 All time worked beyond the ordinary hours of work as prescribed in Clause 31– Hours of work, will be paid as overtime.
- 33.3 In accordance with the decision of the Working Hours Test Case decision, the employer and employees agree that overtime must be capped to comply with work health and safety laws and employer fatigue management policy.

Apprentices

- Apprentices will be paid overtime at the rate of one and a half times ordinary rate for the first hour and double time thereafter. Work commenced after midnight and prior to commencement of ordinary time will be paid for at the rate of double time.
- No Apprentice under the age of eighteen (18) years will be required to work overtime unless the employee so desires.
- 33.6 No Apprentice will, except in an emergency, work or be required to work overtime at times which would prevent his/her attendance at technical school, as required by any statute or regulation applicable to him/her.

All other employees

- Overtime will be paid at double time. Where overtime is necessary employee/s will not be disadvantaged regarding the amount of overtime employee/s may work. This will be reflected in the work roster. Every employee will be entitled to work reasonable overtime on a fair and equitable basis.
- 33.8 Overtime will be calculated by applying the hourly divisor of 1/36th.

All employees

33.9 Employee/s required to work public holidays and/or picnic day will be paid at double time and a half calculated on the ordinary rate provided that an employee required to work any one (1) of the public holiday/s or Sunday or Picnic Day will be paid for not less than four hours work.

- **33.10** Employees required to work on a Saturday will be afforded a minimum of three (3) hours work.
- **33.11** Where Local Government laws prevent a commencement of work at the normal starting time for a Saturday, employees will be paid from their actual commencement time with a minimum of three (3) hours work.
- When an employee is required to work overtime for greater than two (2) hours after working ordinary hours, the employee will be paid a meal allowance in accordance with Appendix D Allowances and Special Rates, plus an additional meal allowance for each subsequent four (4) hours worked. The employer may provide a meal or meals instead of paying any such allowance.
- 33.13 When an employee, after having worked overtime for which the employee has not been regularly rostered or on a prescribed holiday, finishes work at a time when reasonable means of transport are not available the employer will pay the cost of or provide him/her with conveyance to his/her home or to the nearest public transport.

34. CALL-BACK/AVALABILITY

- An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer's business premises (whether notified before or after leaving the premises) will be paid for a minimum of four (4) hours work at the appropriate rates for each time the employee is so recalled. Except in the case of unforeseen circumstances arising the employee will not be required to work the full three (3) hours if the job or jobs the employee was recalled to perform be completed within a shorter period.
- This Clause will not apply in cases where it is customary for an employee to return to the employer's premises to perform a specific job outside his/her ordinary working hours, or where the overtime is continuous (subject to a reasonable meal break) with the completion or commencement of ordinary working time. This Clause does not apply where an employee is on availability as defined in Appendix A2 Allowances and Special Rates.

35. **SHIFT WORK**

35.1 The employer and a majority of employees and the employee representative may agree that shift arrangements may be introduced in industry areas outside new construction work.

A shift worker for the purposes of this clause is defined in clause 9 of the Agreement.

- 35.2 Shift workers shall be paid their ordinary rate of pay plus a shift penalty of one hundred percent (100%) for all hours worked, and one hundred and fifty percent (150%) for all hours worked on a public holiday.
- An employee directed to work Shift work shall be given at least forty eight (48) hours of notice of the requirement to work shift work.
- **35.2.2** Entitlements to rostered days off accruing whilst on shifts shall include the appropriate shift rate.
- A minimum of thirty (30) minutes (exclusive of wash-up time) shall be allowed for a meal during a shift.
- An employee employed on shift work for less than the normal weekly working hours in any working week will be paid in accordance with the overtime provisions. Provided that in cases

where the shift work has continued for more than one (1) week and the job finishes during the currency of a week the employer will pay the shift rate for the time actually worked.

36. WORK BREAKS

Meal breaks

There will be a cessation of work and of working time, for the purpose of a meal on each day, of not less than thirty (30) minutes, to be taken between 11.00 a.m. and 1.00 p.m. Such period will be unpaid.

Variation of meal breaks

Where, because of the area or location of a project, the majority of on-site employees on the project request, and agreement is reached, the period of the meal break may be lengthened to not more than forty-five (45) minutes with a consequential adjustment to the daily time of cessation of work.

Working during meal break

- 36.3 If the employer requires an employee to work through his/her normal meal break the employee will be paid at the rate of double time until the employee is allowed to take such break.
- Where the meal break is shortened by agreement, the employer will pay for the period by which the meal break is shortened, which will then form part of ordinary time hours.

Daily rest breaks

36.5 There will be allowed, without deduction of pay, a rest period of ten (10) minutes between 9.00a.m. and 11.00a.m.

Converting to One Break per Day.

36.6 If only one (1) break is taken at the direction of the employer per day, any time worked after seven and a half hours (7.5) will be deemed as overtime and appropriate penalties will apply. Applicable to Monday to Friday work only.

For example: Start Time 6.00 a.m. – One Break – penalties apply after 1.30 p.m. Start Time 7.00 a.m. – One Break – penalties apply after 2.30 p.m.

Overtime rest breaks

- Where an employee is required to work two (2) or more hours of overtime after working ordinary hours, the employee will be allowed to take without deduction of pay, a rest break of twenty (20) minutes in duration. In the event of an employee remaining at work after the usual ceasing time without taking the rest break, the employee will be regarded as having worked twenty (20) minutes more than the time worked and be paid accordingly.
- **36.8** For each four (4) hours of continuous overtime (in addition to Clause 36.5, the employee will be allowed to take also, without deduction of pay, a rest break of thirty (30) minutes in duration. (Note: A meal allowance is also payable under Clause 33.12). In the event an employee does not

- take the rest break, the employee will be regarded as having worked thirty (30) minutes more than the time worked and be paid accordingly.
- For the purpose of this Clauses 36.7 and 36.8 usual ceasing time is at the end of ordinary hours inclusive of time worked for accrual purposes as prescribed in Clause 31 Hours of work.
- **36.10** When an employee is required to work overtime on a Saturday or Sunday, the employee will be allowed to take without deduction of pay:
- **36.10.1** a rest break of ten (10) minutes in accordance with Clause 36.5; and
- **36.10.2** a rest break of twenty (20) minutes in duration for each completed four (4) hours of overtime worked by the employee.
- 36.11 In the event of an employee continuing to work without taking the rest break in accordance with Clause 36.5, the employee will be regarded as having worked twenty (20) minutes more than the time actually worked and be paid accordingly.
- 36.12 Clauses 36.5 Daily rest breaks and 36.7 Overtime rest breaks will not be applicable in the case of an employee who is allowed the rest periods prescribed in Appendix A Allowances and Special Rates for Hot work or Cold work.
- Where an agreement is reached pursuant to Clause 31.2, the agreement may make provision for the variation of work breaks to suit the arrangement of hours of work.

Breaks between working days

- An employee who works so much overtime between the termination of his/her ordinary work on one day and the commencement of his/her ordinary work on the next day that the employee has not at least ten (10) consecutive hours off duty between those times, or on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday without having had ten (10) consecutive hours off duty in the twenty-four (24) hours preceding his/her ordinary commencing time on his/her next ordinary day will, subject to this clause, be released after completion of such overtime until the employee has had ten (10) consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.
- 36.15 If, on the instructions of the employer, such an employee resumes or continues work without having had such ten consecutive hours off duty the employee will be paid at double time rates until the employee is released from duty for such period and the employee will then be entitled to be absent until the employee has had ten (10) consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.
- 36.16 An employee who has worked continuously (except for work breaks allowed by this Agreement) for twenty (20) hours including holiday work will not be required to continue at or recommence work for at least twelve (12) hours.

PART 6 – LEAVE AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

37. PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

- **37.1** Employee/s will be entitled to the following public holidays for the purposes of the Agreement without deduction of pay:
 - New Years' Day;
 - Australia Day;

- Good Friday;
- Easter Saturday;
- Easter Sunday
- Easter Monday;
- Anzac Day;
- King's Birthday;
- Labour Day;
- the Friday before the AFL Grand Final;
- Melbourne Cup Day;
- Christmas Day; and
- Boxing Day;
- 37.2 Subject to the agreement of the employer and a majority of employees employee/s will have the option of replacing the Melbourne Cup Public Holiday with the local race day (e.g. Albury, Mildura, and Wodonga). If this option is applied the replacement day will be paid as a public holiday and Melbourne Cup Day becomes a normal working day for the employee/s concerned.

Payment

- **37.3.1** If an employee has ordinary hours on a public holiday (as prescribed in Clause 37.1) and the employee is absent from his / her employment on that public holiday, the employer will pay the employee their ordinary rate of pay for the ordinary hours usually worked on that day.
- 37.4 When New Years' Day; Australia Day; Anzac Day; Christmas Day and / or Boxing Day is on a Saturday or Sunday or rostered day off, a day in lieu will be observed on the next calendar working day.
- Any employee required to work on any of the public holiday/s will be paid at double time and a half calculated on the ordinary rate, provided that an employee required to work any one of the public holiday/s will be paid for not less than four (4) hours work.
- An employer who terminates the employment of an employee except for reasons of misconduct or incompetency (proof of which will lie upon the employer) will pay the employee a day's ordinary rate for each holiday or each holiday in a group, which falls within ten (10) consecutive calendar days after the day of termination.
- 37.7 Where any two (2) or more of the holidays prescribed in this Clause occur within a seven (7) day span, such holiday will be a group of holidays. If the first day of the group of holidays falls within ten consecutive calendar days after termination, the whole group will be deemed to fall within the ten (10) consecutive calendar days. Christmas Day, Boxing Day and New Year's Day will be regarded as a group.

Family picnic day

- 37.8 All employees covered by this agreement shall be entitled to Family Picnic Day without loss of pay on the first Monday in December (or other nominated day in Wodonga). An employee required to work on family picnic day shall be paid at the rate of double time and one half and paid for not less than four (4) hours work.
- 37.9 Apprentices that are rostered to trade school will be entitled to attend the picnic day without the loss of pay or entitlements.

38. PERSONAL (SICK AND CARER'S) LEAVE

- **38.1** Paid personal leave will be available to an employee when they are absent due to:
- **38.1.1** personal illness or injury (sick leave); or
- **38.1.2** for the purpose of caring for or supporting an immediate family member (in accordance with Clause 38.6) or household member who requires care or support because of a personal illness, or injury, of the member or an unexpected emergency affecting the member (carer's leave).
- **38.2** The amount of personal leave to which an employee is entitled is as follows:
- **38.2.1** three (3) days in the first month and then one (1) additional day at the beginning of each of the next seven (7) calendar months, will be available in the first year of employment; and
- ten (10) days at the beginning of the employee's second and each subsequent year which, subject to Clause 38.5, will commence on the anniversary of engagement.
- **38.3** Unused personal leave will accumulate from year to year.
- An employee will be paid his/her current ordinary rate (including leading hand allowance, if applicable) for the period of personal leave.

Employees (including casual employees) will be entitled to two (2) days of unpaid carer's leave for each occasion when a member of the employee's immediate family of household, requires care or support because of :-

- **38.4(a)** a personal illness, or personal injury, affecting the member; or
- **38.4(b)** an unexpected emergency affecting the member.

Note: An employee cannot take unpaid carer's leave if the employee could instead take paid personal / carers leave.

- 38.5 If an employee is terminated by the employer and is re-engaged by the employer within a period of six (6) months then the employee's unclaimed balance of personal leave will continue from the date of re-engagement. In such a case the employee's next year of service will commence after a total of twelve (12) months has been served with the employer (excluding the period of interruption in service) since either:
- **38.5.1** the employee was first engaged; or
- **38.5.2** the anniversary of his/her original engagement;
- **38.5.3** as appropriate.
- **38.6** The term immediate family includes:
 - spouse (including a former spouse, a de facto partner and a former de facto partner);
 - a de facto partner means a person who, although not legally married to the employee, lives with the employee in a relationship as a couple on a genuine domestic basis whether the employee and the person are or the same sex or different sexes);
 - child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a step child or an ex-nuptial child);
 - parent;
 - grandparent or grandchild; or
 - sibling;

of the employee or spouse of the employee.

Sick leave

This Clause will be read in conjunction with Clause 39 – Portability of sick leave. In the event of any inconsistency, Clause 39 will prevail.

- **38.7** An employee is entitled to use accumulated personal leave for the purposes of sick leave.
- 38.8 In the case of an employee who claims to be allowed paid sick leave in accordance with this Clause for an absence of one (1) day only such employee if in the year the employee has already been allowed paid sick leave on more than one (1) occasion for one (1) day only, the employer may require the employee to produce to the employer a medical certificate of a registered health practitioner that in the health practitioner's opinion, the employee was unable to attend for duty on account of personal illness or injury. If it is not reasonably practicable for the employee to give the employer a medical certificate the employee may provide a statutory declaration.

Carer's leave

- An employee is entitled to use accumulated personal leave to care for members of his/her immediate family or household.
- **38.10** An employee (including a casual employee) may take up to two (2) days unpaid carer's leave for each occasion in accordance with the same requirements for the entitlement to paid carer's leave.

Notice and evidence requirements - Notice

- **38.11.1** An employee must give his / her employer notice of the taking of leave under Clause 38.12.
- **38.12** The notice:-
- **38.12.1** must be given to the employer as soon as practicable (which may be a time after the leave has started); and
- **38.12.2** must advise the employer of the period, or expected period, of the leave.

Notice and evidence requirements - Evidence

- 38.13 An employee who has given his/ her employer notice of the taking of leave under this Clause must, if required by the employer, give the employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that:
- **38.13.1** if it is paid personal/carer's leave the leave is taken for a reason specified in Clause 38.1.1 or Clause 38.1.2;
- **38.13.2** if it is unpaid carer's leave—the leave is taken for a permissible occasion in circumstances specified in Clause 38.10; or
- **38.13.3** if it is compassionate leave—the leave is taken for a permissible occasion in circumstances specified in Clause 40 Compassionate Leave.

Compliance

38.14 An employee is not entitled to take leave under this Clause unless the employee complies with Clause 38.11 - Notice and evidence requirements

39. PORTABILITY OF SICK LEAVE

- To support the costs of the Incolink scheme the employer has agreed to pay an industry surcharge (in accordance with the Trust Deed) for each employee.
- The employer is, and will remain during the life of this Agreement, a participating employer in the Construction Industry Complying Portable Sick Leave Pay Scheme (Incolink PSL Scheme) of which Incolink is trustee, and all the employees of the employer within the scope of this Agreement will be enrolled in the Incolink PSL Scheme and be entitled to sick leave benefits in accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed.
- 39.3 The employer shall pay contributions to the Incolink PSL Scheme on behalf of each employee in accordance with the Trust Deed. If Incolink nominates any other fund, the employer shall pay contributions to that fund on behalf of each employee in accordance with the constituting documents of that other fund.
- 39.4 The Incolink trust fund shall be liable to pay sick leave payments to an employee when the employee is absent from work on sick leave.
- 39.5 The sick leave payments which the employer is liable to pay under are whichever are the greater of the entitlement of the employee under Clause 38.4 of this Agreement and the entitlement of the employee under the Incolink PSL Scheme Trust Deed (or under the constituting documents of any other fund nominated by Incolink under, but in the latter case limited to the amount which Incolink or the employee actually receives from the Insurer under the Trust Deed.
- 39.6 The liability of the employer to pay sick leave payments to an employee under this Clause will be met by the making of the contributions on behalf of each employee required as a participating employer in the Incolink PSL Scheme.
- 39.7 References in this Clause to Incolink PSL Scheme include a reference to another fund for comparable purposes nominated by Incolink as a fund which supersedes the Incolink PSL Scheme.

40. COMPASSIONATE LEAVE

- **40.1** Compassionate leave is paid leave taken by an employee:
- **40.1.1** for the purposes of spending time with a person who:
 - **40.1.1(a)** is a member of the employee's immediate family or a member of the employee's household; and
 - 40.1.1(b) has a personal illness, or injury, that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or
 - **40.1.1(c)** after the death of a member of the employee's immediate family or a member of the employee's household.
- 40.2 An employee is entitled to use up to two (2) days paid leave as compassionate leave on each occasion when a member of the employee's immediate family or a member of the employee's household:
- 40.2.1 contracts or develops a personal illness that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or

- **40.2.2** sustains a personal injury that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or
- **40.2.3** dies.
- **40.3** The employee who is entitled to a period of compassionate leave for a particular permissible occasion is entitled to take the compassionate leave as:
- **40.3.1** a single, unbroken period of two (2) days; or
- **40.3.2** two (2) separate periods of one (1) day each; or
- **40.3.3** any separate periods to which the employer and his or her employee agree.
- 40.4 An employee will be paid his/her current ordinary rate (including leading hand allowance, if applicable) for the period of compassionate leave.
- An employee who is entitled to a period of compassionate leave because a member of the employee's immediate family or a member of the employee's household has contracted or developed a personal illness or sustained a personal injury is entitled to start to take compassionate leave at any time while the illness or injury persists.
- 40.6 In addition to the entitlement to paid compassionate leave, an employee will be entitled to up to ten (10) days unpaid bereavement leave in respect of the death within Australia or overseas of a relation to whom the Clause applies.
- 40.7 The employee is entitled to compassionate leave only if the employee gives his or her employer any evidence that the employer reasonably requires of the illness, injury or death.

41. ANNUAL LEAVE

Entitlement

- **41.1** Employees (except casual employees) will be entitled to four (4) weeks of annual leave per annum.
- 41.2 An employee working and/or required to work on call for any part of twenty-eight (28) weekends or more in any year of employment will be entitled to an extra week's annual leave.
- 41.3 An shift worker for the purposes of the NES is a continuous shift worker. These employees are entitled to an extra week's annual leave.
- For the purposes of clarity, an employee will be entitled to a maximum of five (5) weeks of annual leave per annum.

Accrual of Annual Leave

- **41.5** Accrual of annual leave will accrue progressively.
- 41.6 Annual leave will accrue during period that the employee is taking annual leave.

Payment

- 41.7 An employee will be paid his/her current ordinary rate (including leading hand allowance, if applicable) for the period of annual leave.
- 41.8 In addition to the amount in Clause 41.7, during a period of annual leave an employee will receive a loading of seventeen and one half percent (17.5%) calculated on rates, loadings, and allowances prescribed at Appendix A Fares Allowance, Travelling Allowance and other allowances and / or Appendix A6 Living Away From Home Allowance.
- Where the employee requests, prior to going on annual leave the employee will be paid in advance for the period of annual leave.

Taking Leave

- 41.10 An employee may take annual leave in periods agreed between the employer and the employee provided that one (1) of the periods shall be of at least ten (10) working days.
- Where an employee requests that leave be allowed in one (1) continuous period such request will not be unreasonably refused.
- 41.12 If an employee is still engaged on a distant job when annual leave is granted and the employee returns to the place of engagement or, if employed prior to going to the distant job, the place regarded as his/her headquarters, by the first reasonable means of transport, his/her annual leave will commence on the first full working day following his/her return to such place of engagement or headquarters as the case may be.
- 41.13 The employer may direct an employee to take paid annual leave during all or part of a period where the employer shuts down the business or part of the business where the employee works. If an employee does not have sufficient accrued annual leave for the period of the shutdown, then the employee may be required to take leave without pay. The employer may exercise the right to shut down the business or part of the business once in each calendar year.
- **41.14** The employer may direct an employee to take annual leave in circumstances where:
- **41.14.1** the employee has accrued more than six (6) weeks of annual leave;
- **41.14.2** the employer and employee are unable to reach agreement on the taking of the leave;
- **41.14.3** the employer has given the employee at least twenty-eight (28) days' notice prior to the date the employee is required to commence the leave; and
- **41.14.4** the employee will retain a minimum of four (4) weeks of annual leave after taking such leave.

Leave in Advance

41.15 By agreement with the employer, an employee may take any amount of annual leave before leave becomes due. Where an employee has taken annual leave in advance (in accordance with Clause 41.33 – Annual Leave in Advance terminate his/her employment prior to accruing such annual leave balance the employer may deduct such amounts from whatever remuneration is payable upon termination, the payment received for the taken annual leave.

Cashing Out - Cashing Out of Annual Leave

41.16 Paid annual leave must not be cashed out except in accordance with this clause.

- 41.17 An employer and an employee may agree to the employee cashing out a particular amount of the employee's accrued paid annual leave provided that the following requirements are met:
 - **41.17.1(a)** each cashing out of a particular amount of accrued paid annual leave must be by a separate agreement between the employer and the employee which must:

41.17.1(a)(i) 41.17.1(a)(ii)	be in writing and retained as an employee record; state the amount of accrued leave to be cashed out and the
,(\alpha)()	payment to be made to the employee;
41.17.1(a)(iii)	state the date on which the payment is to be made, and
41.17.1(a)(iv)	be signed by the employer and employee and, if the employee
	is under eighteen (18) years of age, the employees' parent or
	guardian;

- **41.17.1(b)** the employee must be paid at least the full amount that would have been payable to the employee had the employee taken the leave at the time that it is cashed out;
- **41.17.1(c)** paid annual leave must not be cashed out if the cashing out would result in the employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than four (4) weeks; and
- employees may not cash out more than two (2) weeks' accrued annual leave in any twelve (12) month period.
- Note 1: Under Section 344 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*, an employer must not exert undue influence or undue pressure on an employee to make an agreement to cash out paid annual leave under this clause.
- Note 2: Under Section 345 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*, a person must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading representation about an employee's workplace rights under this clause.

Payment for annual leave on termination

- 41.18 The employee will entitled to payment of accrued annual leave upon termination of employment.
- 41.19 In addition to Clause 41.18, the employee will receive a loading of seventeen and one half percent (17.5%) will be calculated on the rates, loadings, and allowances prescribed by Appendix A Wages, Fares Allowance in relation to rates of pay, all-purpose allowances and fares and travelling time.

Christmas Closedown

Flexibility of the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown

- **41.20.1** The Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown at Appendix B Working Day (RDO) Calendar will be observed.
- **41.20.2** Flexibility for the taking of the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown is provided for in Appendix B Working Day (RDO) Calendar.
- 41.21 It is a breach of this Agreement for an employee to be paid his/her full accrual, or part thereof, of annual leave at Christmas or any other time, unless that employee takes such annual leave or

his/her employment is terminated. Employment is not to be terminated for reasons of avoidance of this subclause.

Excessive Annual Leave Accruals

- 41.22 This Clause contains provisions additional to the NES about taking paid annual leave, to deal with excessive paid annual leave accruals.
- **41.23** An employee has an excessive leave accrual if:
 - **41.23.1** the employee is not a shiftworker and has accrued more than eight (8) weeks' paid annual leave; or
 - **41.23.2** the employee is a shiftworker and has accrued more than ten (10) weeks' paid annual leave.

Eliminating excessive leave accruals - Dealing with excessive leave accruals by agreement

41.24 Before an employer can direct that leave be taken under Clause 41.25 or an employee can give notice of leave to be granted under Clause 41.27, the employer or employee must request a meeting and must genuinely try to agree upon steps that will be taken to reduce or eliminate the employee's excessive leave accrual.

Employer may direct that leave be taken - This Clause applies if an employee has an excessive leave accrual.

- 41.25 If agreement is not reached under Clause 41.24, the employer may give a written direction to the employee to take a period or periods of paid annual leave. The direction must state that it is a direction given under Clause 41.26.
- **41.26** Such a direction must not:
- 41.26.1 result in the employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave at any time being less than six (6) weeks (taking into account all other paid annual leave that has been agreed, that the employee has been directed to take or that the employee has given notice of Clause 41.26.
- **41.26.2** require the employee to take any period of leave of less than one (1) week;
- **41.26.3** require the employee to take any period of leave commencing less than eight (8) weeks after the day the direction is given to the employee;
- **41.26.4** require the employee to take any period of leave commencing more than twelve (12) months after the day the direction is given to the employee; or
- **41.26.5** be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed between the employer and employee.
- 41.27 An employee to whom a direction has been given under this Clause may make a request to take paid annual leave as if the direction had not been given.
- **41.28** The employer is not to take the direction into account in deciding whether to agree to such a request.

Note:

The NES states that the employer must not unreasonably refuse to agree to a request by the employee to take paid annual leave. If leave is agreed after a direction is issued and the direction would then result in the employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave at any time being less than six weeks, the direction will be deemed to have been withdrawn. The employee must take paid annual leave in accordance with a direction complying with this subclause.

Employee may require that leave be granted.

- 41.29 This Clause applies if an employee has had an excessive leave accrual for more than six (6) months and the employer has not given a direction under Clause 41.25 that will eliminate the employee's excessive leave accrual.
- 41.30 If agreement is not reached under Clause 41.25, the employee may give a written notice to the employer that the employee wishes to take a period or periods of paid annual leave. The notice must state that it is a notice given under Clause 41.29.
- **41.31** Such a notice must not:
- 41.31.1 result in the employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave at any time being less than six (6) weeks(taking into account all other paid annual leave that has been agreed, that the employee has been directed to take or that the employee has given notice of under this subclause);
- **41.31.2** provide for the employee to take any period of leave of less than one week;
- **41.31.3** provide for the employee to take any period of leave commencing less than eight(8) weeks after the day the notice is given to the employer;
- **41.31.4** provide for the employee to take any period of leave commencing more than twelve (12) months after the day the notice is given to the employer; or
- **41.31.5** be inconsistent with any leave arrangement agreed between the employer and employee.

The employer must grant the employee paid annual leave in accordance with a notice complying with this clause.

Dispute resolution

- **41.32** Without limiting Clause 14 Dispute Resolution Procedure of the Agreement, an employer or an employee may refer the following matters to the FWC:
 - a dispute about whether the employer or employee has requested a meeting and genuinely tried to reach agreement;
 - a dispute about whether the employer has unreasonably refused to agree to a request by the employee to take paid annual leave; and
 - **41.32.3** a dispute about a direction to take leave; or
 - **41.23.4** a dispute about a notice requiring leave to be granted.

Annual leave in advance

- 41.33 An employer and employee may agree to the employee taking a period of paid annual leave in advance of the employee accruing an entitlement to such leave provided that the agreement meets the following requirements:
- **41.33.1** it is in writing and signed by the employee and employer;
- **41.33.2** it states the amount of leave to be taken in advance and the date on which the leave is to commence; and
- **41.33.3** it is retained as an employee record.
- 41.34 This Clause applies if an employee takes a period of paid annual leave in advance pursuant to an agreement made in accordance with Clause 41.10.1. If the employee's employment is terminated before they have accrued all of the entitlement to paid annual leave which they have taken then the employer may deduct an amount equal to the difference between the employee's accrued annual leave entitlement and the leave taken in advance, from any monies due to the employee on termination.

42. LONG SERVICE LEAVE/CO-INVEST (LeavePlus)

- **42.1** Paid in accordance with the Construction Industry Long Service Leave Act 1997 (Victoria) or, if outside Victoria, the appropriate state legislation.
- 42.2 Long Service Leave shall be in accordance with and provided by CoINVEST Limited (trading as LeavePlus)
- **42.3** For the avoidance of any doubt, an employee who is absent from work on long service leave via LeavePlus shall be entitled to all Industry Fund payments under this Agreement on an 'as if at work' basis.
- Where a public holiday falls within a period of long service leave it shall not be absorbed into that period. Instead, the employee is entitled to be absent from work pursuant to the Public Holiday provisions of this Agreement. For clarity, this clause does not apply in circumstances where an employee's employment ceases prior to accessing their LeavePlus entitlements.

43. PARENTAL LEAVE

43.A1 Parental Leave will be provided in accordance with the National Employment Standards.

43B Paid Parental Leave

- 43B.1 If the employee is not entitled to paid parental leave under the *Parental Leave Act 2010* (C'th) (PPL Act) the employee is not entitled to any payments under Clause 43B.
- Subject to Clause 43B.3 and Clause 43B.4, if the employee is entitled to paid parental leave under the PPL Act then the employee will be paid the difference between the amount paid under the PPL Act (the adult minimum wage) and what would be the minimum weekly rate payable under the PFS Award for that employee. The following table shows the difference between the adult minimum wage and the PFS Award:-

Classification	Difference between the Adult Minimum Wage and the PFS Award. (Per Week) (As of 1 March 2024)
1 st Year – Adult Apprentice 2 nd Year – Adult Apprentice	\$36.86
3 rd Year – Adult Apprentice	
4 th Year Apprentice 4 th Year Adult Apprentice	\$92.16
Irrigation Installer	\$226.48
Plumber – Unregistered Lagger Plumbers Labourer	\$209.76
Registered Plumber Plumber (Provisional Registration) Refrigeration Mechanic	\$249.66

Note Should the PFS Award increase as a result of the FWC's Annual Wage Review, then the table above shall be adjusted from the first pay period on or after 1 July of that year.

- If an employee is a 1st Year Apprentice, or a 2nd Year Apprentice or a 3rd Year Apprentice, the employee will only be entitled to the paid parental leave under the PPL Act. This is because the amount paid under the PPL Act is higher than the minimum rate prescribed in the PFS Award for a 1st Year Apprentice, or a 2nd Year Apprentice or a 3rd Year Apprentice.
- 43B.4.1 From the date that the Agreement commences operation, if the employee is the birth mother or primary carer, they will be paid the amount specified in Clause 43B.2 for a period of nine (9) weeks.
- 43B.4.2 From the first pay period on or after 1 March 2025, if the employee is the birth mother or primary carer, they will be paid the amount specified in Clause 43B.2 for a period of eighteen (18) weeks.
- **43B.4.3** From the date that the Agreement commences operation, if the employee is not the birth mother or the primary carer, they will be paid the amount specified in Clause 43B.2 for a period of two (2) weeks.

44. COMMUNITY SERVICE LEAVE

Jury Service Leave

44.1 An employee required to attend for jury service will be entitled to have his/her pay made up by the employer to equal his/her ordinary rate for eight (8) hours (inclusive of accrued entitlements prescribed by Clause 31 – Hours of work) per day plus fares whilst meeting this requirement. The employee will give the employer proof of such attendance and the amount received in respect of such jury service.

Community Service Leave

- 44.2 An employee who is a voluntary member of:
- **44.2.1** State Emergency Service;
- **44.2.2** St John Ambulance;
- 44.2.3 Country Fire Authority; or
- **44.2.4** other similar organisation;

may be granted unpaid leave for the period that they are absent from duty as a result of their attendance at an emergency.

- **44.3** Employees who may seek community service leave must:
- **44.3.1** notify the employer of their volunteer activity in advance; and
- **44.3.2** provide certification from the volunteer organisation.
- 44.4 An employee who is requesting approval to be absent from duty in order to attend an emergency will be required to notify the employer of the intended absence and expected duration of the absence as soon as practicable.
- The approval of community service leave will be subject to the employee's absences being reasonable in all the circumstances.
- The employer will permit an employee to access annual leave entitlements during the period of absence due to community service leave.

45 <u>INDUSTRY TRAINING - TRAINING & BUILDING LEVY</u>

- **45.1** Improved coordinated training for employees covered by this agreement will be provided to enhance the skills, occupational health and safety comprehension, and other areas of working knowledge of the employees of the Enterprise.
- 45.2 Training provided will be consistent with the Enterprise's business requirements, relevant to the work of the employees and be consistent with the skills development of each employee and with applicable national competency standards, where they exist.
- 45.3 Training as provided for by this clause may be taken either on or off the job.
- When training is taken off the job, where practicable and subject to the work requirements of the Enterprise, such training shall be undertaken during normal working hours.
- 45.5 If an approved training activity is undertaken during ordinary working hours, the employee/s concerned will not suffer any loss of wages or entitlements.

46. EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVES

Representation

- 46.1 The parties recognise the role the employees' on-site representative has in seeking to ensure industrial harmony on the site or at the workplace. Further the parties recognize that the on-site representative is a point of contact for an employee who has an employment related grievance or a grievance, query or concern arising under the terms of the Agreement.
- An employee representative shall, upon notification to the employer, be recognised as the accredited representative of the employees and be allowed all necessary time during working hours to submit to the employer matters affecting the employees he/she represents. At all other times the employee representative will perform productive work within his/her range of qualifications and competence. Further, the employee representative shall be allowed reasonable time during working hours to attend to job matters affecting the employees.

Employee representative facilities

- Where the employer is the principal contractor it is agreed the employer shall provide a facility for the use of the employee representative/s to perform their duties and functions as the on-site representative/s of the employees. The provision of the following facilities is to ensure that the employee representative/s is able to effectively perform his/her functions in a professional and timely manner. The facilities shall include:-
- **46.3.1** a telephone;
- **46.3.2** a table and chairs;
- **46.3.3** a filing cabinet;
- **46.3.4** air-conditioning/heating;
- **46.3.5** access to stationery and other administrative facilities, including use of facsimile, use of e-mail (if available on site), following consultation between employee representative and Site Management;
- **46.3.6** a private lockable area.

Employee representative training leave

- 46.4 Subject to all qualifications in this clause, an employee appointed or elected as an accredited representative of employees will, upon application in writing to the employer, be granted up to five days leave with pay each calendar year non-cumulative to attend courses.
- 46.5 Such courses will be designed and structured with the objective of promoting good industrial relations within the building and construction industry.
- **46.6** For the purposes of this Clause an accredited representative of the employee will include an employee representative recognised by the employer in accordance with this Agreement.
- **46.7** The following scale will apply:

No. of	employees	Maximum	No.	of	Maximum	No.	of	days
covered	by this	Representatives eligible		permitted p	er year			
Agreement		to attend per	year.					
Up to 15		1			5			
16 – 30		2	•		10			

31 – 50	3	15
51 – 100	4	20
101 and over	5	25

- 46.8 The application for leave will be given to the employer at least four (4) weeks in advance of the date of commencement of the course. The application for leave will contain the following details:
- **46.8.1** the name of the employee seeking the leave;
- **46.8.2** the period of time for which the leave is sought (including course dates and the daily commencing and finishing times); and
- **46.8.3** the title, general description and structure of the course to be attended and the location of where the course is to be conducted.
- **46.9** The employer will advise the employee representative within seven (7) clear working days (Monday to Friday) of receiving the application as to whether or not the application for leave has been approved.
- **46.10** The time of taking leave will be arranged so as to minimize any adverse effect on the employer's operations. The onus will rest with the employer to demonstrate an inability to grant leave when an eligible employee is otherwise entitled.
- 46.11 An employer will not be liable for any additional expenses associated with an employee's attendance at a course other than the payment of ordinary time earnings for such absence. For the purpose of this Clause ordinary time earnings will be defined as the relevant Agreement classification rate including, shift work loadings where relevant plus Site Allowance where applicable.
- **46.12** Leave rights granted in accordance with this Clause will not result in additional payment for alternative time off to the extent that the course attended coincides with an employee's RDO or with any concessional leave.
- An employee on request by their employer will provide proof of their attendance at any course within seven days. If an employee fails to provide such proof, the employer may deduct any amount already paid for attendance from the next week's pay or from any other moneys due to the employee.
- 46.14 Where an employee is sick during a period when leave pursuant to this Clause has been granted proof of attendance at the course is not required for that period and the employee will receive payment if entitled under the provisions of this Agreement.
- **46.15** Leave of absence granted pursuant to this Clause will count as service for all purposes of this Agreement.
- **46.16** Any dispute as to any aspect of this Clause will be resolved in accordance with the dispute settlement provisions of this Agreement.

47. PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

No agreements for cash in lieu of protective clothing shall be permitted.

47.1 The employer shall ensure that their employees are in possession of protective clothing in accordance with this clause.

Protective Clothing

- 47.2 The following will be supplied to all employees within two (2) weeks of the employee starting employment:-
 - two (2) pairs of overalls, or agreed alternative such as:
 - o two (2) combination bib and braces; or
 - o two (2) pairs of long trousers and two (2) long sleeved shirts; or
 - two (2) sets of work denims (at a cost that is no greater than the above three (3) choices.
 - one (1) pair of approved safety boots appropriate to the classification of work being carried out) to a value of up to \$120.00. In consultation with the employer, if the employee purchases such boots, the employer will reimburse the employee up to \$120.00 upon production of a purchase receipt.
 - One (1) winter jacket or agreed equivalent following consultation between the employer and majority of employees (if the employee starts between 1 May and 31 August).

Note All items will comply with the relevant Australian Standards and all endeavours will be made to provide clothing that is Australian made.

- 47.3.1 Clothing and footwear will be replaced on a fair wear and tear basis, within a reasonable period following the employee's request. Where an employee has not sought replacement of their issue of protective clothing as provided in Clause 47.2 above on a wear and tear basis within twelve (12) months from the date of issue, then that employee shall be entitled to a re-issue of the apparel at the completion of that twelve (12) months.
- **47.4.1** Where an employee has received any of the above items from a previous employer the items provided in Clause 47.2, shall not be re issued until replacement on a fair wear and tear basis is required.
- 47.4.2 Where an employee claims to have not been issued with protective clothing by a previous employer, the new employer may require all necessary details from the employee to validate the claim. These details may be supplied in the form of a Statutory Declaration by the employee at the employer's request.
- Where the employee requires prescription glasses, the employee will be provided with frames, side shields and prescription lens at no cost to the employee. The frames, side shields and prescription lens shall be replaced on a fair wear and tear basis.
- Where the employee's protective clothing is stolen, the employer may require proof of the theft before issuing replacement clothing. The proof of the theft may be in the form of a Police Report or Statutory Declaration from the employee.
- 47.7 The employer shall keep a record of the type of protective clothing issued, including the date of issue. The employee shall sign for such issues, and these details shall be available upon request by employees.
- 47.8 In the event of protective clothing being supplied and not worn whilst working (without reasonable cause), the employee and the employee representative shall discuss the mater with a view to ensure the wearing of such.
- **47.9** Further failure to do so shall prohibit the employee from any further entitlement.

Safety Equipment

- 47.10 While not being part of any issue of protective clothing/equipment, employers shall be required to provide the following protective equipment (Standards Association of Australia approved) for use, when necessary, by employees during the performance of their required duties:-
 - safety helmets;
 - ear / hearing protection;
 - gloves; and
 - skin protective cream / sun screen (50+ rating).
- 47.11 In addition to the items in Clause 47.10, one (1) pair of UV rated safety glasses or UV rated 'clipons' suitable to overlay prescription spectacles, shall be made available for employees who are required to work on reflective surfaces such as:-
 - metal decking; large concrete slabs exposed to sunlight; roofing; curtain walling; or
 - in direct sunlight for any part of the day.
 - roofing;
 - curtain walling; or
 - in direct sunlight for any part of the day.

48. <u>OPERATION OF OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT, REGULATIONS AND CODES OF PRACTICE</u>

- 48.1 The parties to this Agreement shall in addition to ensuring compliance with OH&S legislation (including Regulations, and Codes of Practice), implement the best achievable level of health and safety. Particular emphasis will be placed on the establishment of consultative mechanisms which will include:
- **48.1.1** the election of health and safety representatives who will represent employees in negotiations on health and safety matters;
- **48.1.2** an occupational health and safety committee; and
- **48.1.3** training issues including specific hazards, health and safety systems, and site induction.
- 48.2 In the event that changes to occupational health and safety practices are deemed necessary by either party the issue shall be referred to a consultative mechanism.

49. OPERATION OF LIFT

49.1 During temporary stoppage of the passengers/materials lift, the employees are expected to walk to their place of work to a maximum of four (4) levels to work in their respective classification, and no industrial action or dispute should take place.

50. HEARING TESTS

Audiometric tests should be conducted within two (2) months of a person commencing employment, and thereafter at intervals of two (2) years.

51. **HEPATITIS A and B SHOTS**

Employees will be offered Hepatitis A shots and/or Hepatitis B shots in areas where Hepatitis A and/or Hepatitis B may be contracted. The employer will pay the cost of such shots.

52. REHABILITATION OF INJURED WORKERS

The parties to this Agreement shall ensure that any employee who sustains a work related injury, illness or disease, will be afforded every assistance in utilising a rehabilitation program aimed at returning that employee to meaningful employment within the industry.

53 EMPOYEE ABSENCE - INDUSTRY FUND COMPLIANCE

- 53.1 Subject to Clause 53.2 and 53.3, the employer, for an employee who is absent from work:-
 - because they are on paid leave; or
 - because they are in receipt of workers compensation benefits; or because they are in receipt of a benefit provided in either Clause 25 – Trauma Insurance; Clause 26 – Income Protection or Clause 27 – Journey Accidents; or because they are absent on leave without pay to enable them to take long service leave;

shall:-

- make the superannuation payments prescribed in Clause 24 Superannuation; and
- make the long service leave payments prescribed in Clause 42 Long Service Leave / Colnvest; and
- make the various insurance payments prescribed in Clause 25 Trauma Insurance;
 Clause 26 Income Protection or Clause 27 Journey Accidents; and
- make the redundancy payments prescribed in Clause 22 Redundancy; and
- make the training and building levy payments prescribed in Clause 45 Industry Training
 Training & Building Levy,

during such absence.

- The employer shall make the payments prescribed in Clause 53.1, even if a third party is paying a part, or all of, the employees' weekly entitlements.
- If an employee is being paid a part, or all of, the employees' weekly entitlements, by a third party, the employer shall make the payments prescribed in Clause 53.1, as if the employee was at work and being paid by the employer.

Superannuation – Industry Fund Compliance

Superannuation Contributions – Employee absent for work – related injury / illness and / or long service leave and / or whilst an employee is on income protection

This clause does not apply to an apprentice

- This clause shall only apply where an employee:-
 - **53.4.1(a)** is absent because they are in receipt of workers compensation benefits; or
 - **53.4.1(b)** is absent because they are in receipt of a benefit provided in Clause 26 Income Protection: or
 - **53.4.1(c)** is absent because they are absent on leave to enable them to take long service leave

even if a Third Party is paying all or part of the employees' weekly entitlements. In such circumstances, the level of contributions paid on behalf of each employee will be:-

First pay period on or after	Registered Plumber / Refrigeration Mechanic	Plumber – Provisional Registration / Unregistered Plumber / Lagger	Irrigation Installer	Plumbers Labourer
1 July 2024	\$ 210.00 Per Week	\$ 205.00 Per Week	\$ 205.00 Per Week	\$ 200.00 Per Week
1 July 2024	\$ 215.00 Per Week	\$ 210.00 Per Week	\$ 210.00 Per Week	\$ 205.00 Per Week
1 July 2025	\$ 220.00 Per Week	\$ 215.00 Per Week	\$ 215.00 Per Week	\$ 210.00 Per Week
1 July 2026	\$ 225.00 per week	\$ 220.00 Per Week	\$ 220.00 Per Week	\$ 215.00 Per Week

The superannuation contributions required to be paid under this clause shall cease after fifty - two (52) weeks.

SIGNATORIES

For and on behalf of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia 128v (CEPU) and the Employees of the Enterprise:

Patrick McCrudden

PSM'M

CEPU Plumbing Division (Vic Branch) State Assistant Secretary 52 Victoria Street, Carlton South, Victoria 3053

A Representative of the CEPU and employee/s covered by the agreement

Date: 13 September 2024

signatories for and on behalf of the employer by the authorised person:

Name: -

Title: -

Company O.P. Industries Pty Ltd

87-89 Sisely Avenue Wangaratta Vic 3677

Date:

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APPENDIX A – WAGES, FARES ALLOWANCE AND TRAVEL ALLOWANCE

A1. WAGES REGIONAL AREAS

This appendix applies to work performed in regional Victoria, with a contract value not exceeding \$7 Million. Work over \$7 million as described above will attract PPTEU standard metropolitan rates of pay as per the company's metropolitan agreement.

Registration allowance, plumbing trade allowance, industry allowance and tool allowance are included in the hourly rates below.

Company Allowance payable to all employees as per Appendix C.

A1.1 Wages

(a) The below rates will apply from the first pay period on or after 1 October 2023

	Plumber	Drainer	Labourer
Hourly Rate	\$44.21	\$41.82	\$38.69
Total Weekly Rate (x 38 hours)	\$1,679.98	\$1,589.16	\$1,470.22
Travel (per day)	\$44.21	\$41.82	\$38.69
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$221.05	\$209.10	\$193.45
Fares (per day)	\$23.16	\$23.16	\$23.16
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$115.80	\$115.80	\$115.80
OVERTIME			
Double Time	\$88.42	\$83.64	\$77.38
Double Time & 1/2	\$110.52	\$104.55	\$96.72

(b) The below rates will apply from the first pay period commencing on or after 1 October 2024

	Plumber	Drainer	Labourer
Hourly Rate	\$46.29	\$43.80	\$40.51
Total Weekly Rate (x 38 hours)	\$1,759.02	\$1,664.40	\$1,539.38
Travel (per day)	\$46.29	\$43.80	\$40.51
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$231.45	\$219.00	\$202.55
Fares (per day)	\$24.25	\$24.25	\$24.25
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$121.25	\$121.25	\$121.25
OVERTIME			
Double Time	\$92.58	\$87.60	\$81.02
Double Time & 1/2	\$115.72	\$109.50	\$101.27

(c) The below rates will apply from the first pay period commencing on or after 1 October 2025

	Plumber	Drainer	Labourer
Hourly Rate	\$47.96	\$45.37	\$41.97
Total Weekly Rate (x 38 hours)	\$1,822.48	\$1,724.06	\$1,594.86
Travel (per day)	\$47.96	\$45.37	\$41.97
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$239.80	\$226.85	\$209.85
Fares (per day)	\$25.13	\$25.13	\$25.13
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$125.65	\$125.65	\$125.65
OVERTIME			
Double Time	\$95.92	\$90.74	\$83.94
Double Time & 1/2	\$119.90	\$113.42	\$104.92

(d) The below rates will apply from the first pay period commencing on or after 1 October 2026

	Plumber	Drainer	Labourer
Hourly Rate	\$49.63	\$46.95	\$43.43
Total Weekly Rate (x 38 hours)	\$1,885.94	\$1,784.38	\$1,650.34
Travel (per day)	\$49.63	\$46.95	\$43.43
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$248.15	\$234.75	\$217.15
Fares (per day)	\$26.00	\$26.00	\$26.00
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$130.00	\$0.00 \$130.00	
OVERTIME			
Double Time	\$99.26	\$93.90	\$86.86
Double Time & 1/2	\$124.07	\$117.37	\$108.57

Note: Fares

Assumes the employee starts and finishes each day at the company's office and is transported to and from the construction site in company time and by company vehicle.

If the employee starts and finishes each day on the construction site at normal start and finish times then a fares allowance per day will be paid.

A1.2 Apprentice wage rates

Note: Travel and Fares

Apprentices shall receive 37.5 % (1st Year) 55 % (2nd Year) 75 % (3rd Year) and 90% (4th year) of the applicable Travel and Fares allowance of the classification of Plumber.

(a) The below rates will apply from the first pay period on or after 1 October 2023

	1st Year	Adult 1st year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year
Hourly Rate	\$16.33	\$24.25	\$23.57	\$29.99	\$38.58
Total Weekly Rate (x 38 hours)	\$620.54	\$873.00	\$895.66	\$1,139.62	\$1,466.04

Travel (per day)	\$16.57	\$16.57	\$24.31	\$33.15	\$39.79
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$82.85	\$82.85	\$121.55	\$165.75	\$198.95
Fares (per day)	\$8.68	\$8.68	\$12.73	\$17.37	\$20.84
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$43.40	\$43.40	\$63.56	\$86.85	\$104.20
OVERTIME					
Time and 1/2	\$24.49	\$36.37	\$35.35	\$44.98	\$57.87
Double Time	\$32.66	\$48.50	\$47.14	\$59.98	\$77.16
Double Time & 1/2	\$40.82	\$60.62	\$58.92	\$74.97	\$96.45

Note:-

In accordance with Clause – 19.16 – Adult Apprentice, where an apprentice was employed by the employer in a classification covered by the Agreement immediately prior to becoming an adult apprentice with the employer, such apprentice will not suffer a reduction in the rate of pay by virtue of entering into a Training Contract under Clause 19.3. For the purpose of fixing a rate of pay only, the adult apprentice will continue to receive the rate of pay (inclusive of the fares allowance and travel allowance [if applicable]) that is, from time to time, applicable to the classification in which the adult apprentice was engaged immediately prior to entering into the Training Contract specified in Clause 19.3, unless the applicable rate of pay payable to that apprentice under Appendix A – Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance is higher.

(b) The below rates will apply from the first pay period commencing on or after 1 October 2024

	1st Year	Adult 1st year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year
Hourly Rate	\$17.10	\$24.25	\$24.68	\$31.41	\$40.40
Total Weekly Rate (x 38 hours)	\$649.80	\$873.00	\$937.84	\$1,193.58	\$1,535.20
Travel (per day)	\$17.36	\$23.12	\$25.46	\$34.72	\$41.67
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$86.80	\$115.60	\$127.30	\$173.60	\$208.35
Fares (per day)	\$9.09	\$9.09	\$13.33	\$18.18	\$21.82
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$45.45	\$45.45	\$66.65	\$90.90	\$109.10
OVERTIME					
Time and 1/2	\$25.65	\$36.37	\$37.02	\$47.11	\$60.60
Double Time	\$34.20	\$48.50	\$49.36	\$62.82	\$80.80
Double Time & 1/2	\$42.75	\$60.62	\$61.70	\$78.52	\$101.00

Note:-

In accordance with Clause – 19.16 – Adult Apprentice, where an apprentice was employed by the employer in a classification covered by the Agreement immediately prior to becoming an adult apprentice with the employer, such apprentice will not suffer a reduction in the rate of pay by virtue of entering into a Training Contract under Clause 19.3. For the purpose of fixing a rate of pay only, the adult apprentice will continue to receive the rate of pay (inclusive of the fares allowance and travel allowance [if applicable]) that is, from time to time, applicable to the classification in which the adult apprentice was engaged immediately prior to entering into the Training Contract specified in Clause 19.3, unless the applicable rate of pay payable to that apprentice under Appendix A – Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance is higher.

(c) The below rates will apply from the first pay period commencing on or after 1 October 2025

	1st Year	Adult 1st year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year
Hourly Rate	\$17.72	\$25.57	\$25.57	\$32.54	\$41.86
Total Weekly Rate (x 38 hours)	\$673.36	\$971.66	\$971.66	\$1,236.52	\$1,590.68
Travel (per day)	\$17.98	\$17.98	\$26.38	\$35.97	\$43.17
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$89.90	\$89.90	\$131.90	\$179.85	\$215.85

Fares (per day)	\$9.42	\$9.42	\$13.82	\$18.84	\$22.61
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$47.10	\$47.10	\$69.10	\$94.20	\$113.05
OVERTIME					
Time and 1/2	\$26.58	\$38.35	\$38.35	\$48.81	\$62.79
Double Time	\$35.44	\$51.14	\$51.14	\$65.08	\$83.72
Double Time & 1/2	\$44.30	\$63.92	\$63.92	\$81.35	\$104.65

Note:-

In accordance with Clause – 19.16 – Adult Apprentice, where an apprentice was employed by the employer in a classification covered by the Agreement immediately prior to becoming an adult apprentice with the employer, such apprentice will not suffer a reduction in the rate of pay by virtue of entering into a Training Contract under Clause 19.3. For the purpose of fixing a rate of pay only, the adult apprentice will continue to receive the rate of pay (inclusive of the fares allowance and travel allowance [if applicable]) that is, from time to time, applicable to the classification in which the adult apprentice was engaged immediately prior to entering into the Training Contract specified in Clause 19.3, unless the applicable rate of pay payable to that apprentice under Appendix A – Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance is higher.

(d) The below rates will apply from the first pay period commencing on or after 1 October 2026

	1st Year	Adult 1st year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year
Hourly Rate	\$18.33	\$26.46	\$26.46	\$33.67	\$43.31
Total Weekly Rate (x 38 hours)	\$696.54	\$1,005.48	\$1,005.48	\$1,279.46	\$1,645.78
Travel (per day)	\$18.61	\$18.61	\$27.29	\$37.22	\$44.66
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$93.05	\$93.05	\$136.45	\$186.10	\$223.30
Fares (per day)	\$9.75	\$9.75	\$14.30	\$19.50	\$23.40
Per Week (x 5 days)	\$48.75	\$48.75	\$71.50	\$97.50	\$117.00
OVERTIME					
Time and 1/2	\$27.49	\$39.69	\$39.69	\$50.50	\$64.96
Double Time	\$36.66	\$52.92	\$52.92	\$67.34	\$86.62
Double Time & 1/2	\$45.82	\$66.15	\$66.15	\$84.17	\$108.27

Note:-

In accordance with Clause – 19.16 – Adult Apprentice, where an apprentice was employed by the employer in a classification covered by the Agreement immediately prior to becoming an adult apprentice with the employer, such apprentice will not suffer a reduction in the rate of pay by virtue of entering into a Training Contract under Clause 19.3. For the purpose of fixing a rate of pay only, the adult apprentice will continue to receive the rate of pay (inclusive of the fares allowance and travel allowance [if applicable]) that is, from time to time, applicable to the classification in which the adult apprentice was engaged immediately prior to entering into the Training Contract specified in Clause 19.3, unless the applicable rate of pay payable to that apprentice under Appendix A – Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance is higher.

A2. Allowances

Note: Percentage increases in allowances are in line with the wage increases, as follows:

6% - from 1 October 2023; 5% - from 1 October 2024; 4% - from 1 October 2025; and 4% - from 1 October 2026.

	From 1 October 2023	From 1 October 2024	From 1 October 2025	From 1 October 2026
	Trom 1 October 2023	110111 1 October 2024	Trom 1 October 2023	Trom 1 October 2020

Not more than 1 person	\$0.63 per hour	\$0.66 per hour	\$0.69 per hour	\$0.71 per hour
2 to 5 persons	\$1.42 per hour	\$1.48 per hour	\$1.54 per hour	\$1.59 per hour
6 to 10 persons	\$1.84 per hour	\$1.93 per hour	\$2.00 per hour	\$2.07 per hour
Over 10 persons	\$3.49 per hour	\$3.66 per hour	\$3.79 per hour	\$3.92 per hour
Living Away from Home				
Accommodation provided (A6.2)	See table at A6.10			
Accommodation not provided (A6.2)	See table at A6.10			
Return Journey	See table at A6.10			
Weekend Return Home	See table at A6.10			
Travel outside radius	\$0.69 per km	\$0.73 per km	\$0.75 per km	\$0.78 per km
Transport during work hours	\$1.33 per km	\$1.39 per km	\$1.44 per km	\$1.49 per km
Meal Allowance	\$23.33 per meal	\$24.43 per meal	\$25.31 per meal	\$26.19 per meal
Tower (per 15 metres)	\$0.85 per hour	\$0.89 per hour	\$0.93 per hour	\$0.96 per hour
Out of pocket expenses	\$40.53 per day	\$42.44 per day	\$43.97 per day	\$45.50 per day
ALLOWANCES				
Camping per week	\$238.30 per week	\$249.55 per week	\$258.54 per week	\$267.53 per week
per day	\$34.26 per day	\$35.88 per day	\$37.17 per day	\$38.47 per day
Ships Plumbing	\$1.85 per hour	\$1.94 per hour	\$2.01 per hour	\$2.08 per hour
Aluminium foil insulation	\$1.33 per hour	\$1.39 per hour	\$1.44 per hour	\$1.49 per hour
Hot work				
46ºc to 54ºc	\$0.85 per hour	\$0.89 per hour	\$0.93 per hour	\$0.96 per hour
Exceeding 54ºc	\$1.03 per hour	\$1.08 per hour	\$1.12 per hour	\$1.16 per hour
Cold Work	\$0.85 per hour	\$0.89 per hour	\$0.93 per hour	\$0.96 per hour
Explosive power tools	\$2.01 per day	\$2.10 per day	\$2.18 per day	\$2.26 per day
Toxic Substances				
Working with	\$1.03 per hour	\$1.08 per hour	\$1.12 per hour	\$1.16 per hour
Working near	\$0.85 per hour	\$0.89 per hour	\$0.93 per hour	\$0.96 per hour
Acid Plants & Chemical works	\$3.04 per hour	\$3.18 per hour	\$3.30 per hour	\$3.41 per hour
Compute quantities	\$10.01 per day	\$10.48 per day	\$10.86 per day	\$11.24 per day
First Aid	\$3.59 per day	\$3.76 per day	\$3.89 per day	\$4.03 per day
Asbestos				
Close proximity	\$1.03 per hour	\$1.08 per hour	\$1.12 per hour	\$1.16 per hour
Eradication	\$2.79 per hour	\$2.93 per hour	\$3.03 per hour	\$3.14 per hour
Laser Safety	\$4.08 per day	\$4.27 per day	\$4.42 per day	\$4.58 per day
Altona	\$1.63 per hour	\$1.70 per hour	\$1.77 per hour	\$1.83 per hour
Shell Refinery	\$1.63 per hour	\$1.70 per hour	\$1.77 per hour	\$1.83 per hour
Availability Allowance	\$166.55 per week	\$174.41 per week	\$180.69 per week	\$186.98 per week
District Allowance – Yallourn	\$1.74 per hour	\$1.83 per hour	\$1.89 per hour	\$1.96 per hour

A3. DEMOLITION WORK

- **A3.1** Where employees covered by this Agreement are employed in connection with and on work with employees of demolition contractors on major demolition works, they shall be paid \$8.74 per hour in lieu of the relevant site allowance in clause A19.
- **A3.2** The elements that must be present before the allowance becomes payable are:
 - (a) the employee must be performing work either in connection with demolition work or on demolition work;
 - (b) the employee must be performing that work alongside the employees of a demolition contractor or contractors; and
 - (c) the work must be being performed as or as part of major demolition works.
- A3.3 The demolition allowance at A3.1 will be adjusted annually in accordance with the CPI (All Groups, Melbourne) movements measured in the twelve (12) month period ending the previous December quarter effective as of the first pay period on or after 1 March 2024, 1 March 2025, 1 March 2026 and 1 March 2027 rounded to the nearest five (5) cents.

A4. REFURBISHMENT OF MULTI-STOREY COMMISSION FLATS

- **A4.1** Where employee/s are employed in connection with refurbishment of Multi-Storey Commission flats employee/s will receive:
 - (a) payment of site allowance in accordance with clause A19 or
 - (b) A site allowance \$4.10 per hour.

Whichever is greater

A4.2 The site allowance at A4.1(b) will be adjusted on a yearly basis. The adjustment shall be based on the CPI (All Groups, Melbourne), for the preceding period July to June in each year. The increase shall take effect from the first pay period commencing on or after 1 October 2024, 1 October 2025 and 1 October 2026.

A5. WELDING ALLOWANCE

A5.1 An employee who is requested by the Enterprise to hold the relevant qualifications for pressure oxyacetylene or electric welding, either manual or machine welding, and is required by the Enterprise to act on such qualifications, shall be paid the following amounts:

PER HOUR	1 st certificate	2 nd certificate
From 1 October 2024	\$2.02	\$0.62
From 1 October 2025	\$2.08	\$0.64
From 1 October 2026	\$2.14	\$0.66

A6. LIVING AWAY FROM HOME ALLOWANCE

- **A6.1** Where the employer sends an employee to work at a distant project, the employee may elect to: -
- A6.1.1 have a single room with ensuite in a well-kept establishment with two (2) adequate meals each day provided by the employer and a per day allowance in accordance with Clause A6.10 Payments for out-of-pocket expenses: or
- **A6.1.2** be paid an allowance in accordance with Clause A6.10 Payments per day, and two (2) x meal allowances as prescribed in A6.10 per day (paid for any part of the day) from the employer.

If an employee, living away from home, works any part or any day, the employee is entitled to be paid the full daily accommodation allowance prescribed in clause A6.10.

- A6.2 Where an employee is requested to work at a distant project where reasonable board and lodging is not available or where the size of the workforce is in excess of the available accommodation, alternative arrangements will be made with the consent of the employee.
- At the time of engagement, the employee will provide, on the employer's request, details of his/her usual place of residence, being:
 - the address of the place of residence at the time of application; and
 - the address of a separately maintained residence, if applicable.

The employer will not exercise undue influence, for the purpose of avoiding its obligations under the Agreement, to persuade the employee to give a false address. No subsequent change of address will entitle an employee to the provisions of this clause unless the employer agrees.

Travelling expenses

An employee who is sent by the employer or selected or engaged by the employer or agent to go to a job which qualifies them to the provision of this clause will not be entitled to any of the allowances prescribed for fares and travelling time in accordance with Clause AC.10 - Payments, for the period occupied in travelling from their usual place of residence to the distant job, but in lieu thereof will be paid:-

Forward journey

- A6.4.1 For the time spent in so travelling, at ordinary rates up to a maximum of eight (8) hours per day for each day of travel (to be calculated as the time taken by rail or the usual travelling facilities).
- A6.4.2 For the amount of a fare on the most common method of public transport to the job (bus; air; rail with sleeping berths if necessary), and any excess payment due to transporting his/her tools if such is incurred.
- A6.4.3 For any meals incurred while travelling, a meal allowance in accordance with Clause A6.10 Payments.

A6.4.4 The employer may deduct the cost of the forward journey fare from an employee who terminates or discontinues his/her employment within two (2) weeks of commencing on the job and who does not forthwith return to his/her place of engagement.

Return journey

- A6.4.5 For the time spent in so travelling, at ordinary rates up to a maximum of eight (8) hours per day for each day of travel (to be calculated as the time taken by rail or the usual travelling facilities).
- A6.4.6 For the amount of a fare on the most common method of public transport to the job (bus; air; rail with sleeping berths if necessary), and any excess payment due to transporting his/her tools if such is incurred.
- A6.4.7 For any meals incurred while travelling, a meal allowance in accordance with Clause A6.10 Payments.
- A6.4.8 An amount in accordance with Clause A6.10 Payments to cover the cost of transporting themself and their tools from the main public transport terminal to their usual place of residence.
- A6.4.9 The above return journey payments will not be paid if the employee terminates or discontinues their employment within two (2) months of commencing on the job, or if the employee is dismissed for incompetence within one working week of commencing on the job, or is dismissed for misconduct.

Daily fares allowance

A6.5 An employee engaged on a job which qualifies them to the provisions of this clause and who is required to reside elsewhere than on the site (or adjacent to the site and supplied with transport) will be paid the Fares Allowance prescribed in Appendix A – Wages, Fares Allowance and Travel Allowance.

Weekend return home

- A6.6.1 An employee who works as required during the ordinary hours of work on the working day before and the working day after a weekend and who notifies the employer or his / her representative, no later than Tuesday of each week, of his / her intention to return to his / her usual place of residence at the weekend and who returns to his / her usual place of residence for the weekend, will be paid an allowance in accordance with Clause A6.10 Payments for each occasion.
- A6.6.2 Clause A6.6.1 will not apply to an employee who is receiving the payment prescribed in Clause A6.1 in lieu of board and lodging being provided by the employer or who is receiving a camping allowance prescribed in accordance with Clause A6.10 Payments.
- A6.6.3 When an employee returns home for a weekend or part of a weekend and does not absent themself from the job for any of the ordinary working hours, no reduction of the allowance prescribed in Clause A6.6.2 will be made.

Construction camps - Camp and caravan accommodation

- A6.7.1(a) Where an employee is engaged on the construction of projects which are located in areas where reasonable board and lodging is not available or where the size of the workforce is in excess of the available accommodation or where continuous concrete pour requirements of the project or the working of shifts necessitate camp accommodation and where, because of these circumstances, it is necessary to house the employees in a camp or caravan accommodation the employer must reimburse all costs associated with the employee arranging and providing such camp or caravan accommodation.
- **A6.7.1(b)** Clause will not apply where the employer provides appropriate camp or caravan accommodation.

Camping allowance

- An employee living in a construction camp or caravan accommodation where free messing is not provided will receive a camping allowance in accordance with Clause AC.10 Payments for every complete week the employee is available for work. If required to be in camp for less than a complete week the employee will be paid a per day allowance in accordance with Clause A6.10 Payments including any Saturday or Sunday if the employee is in camp and available for work on the working day immediately preceding and succeeding each Saturday or Sunday.
- A6.7.3 If an employee is absent without the Enterprise's approval on any day, the allowance will not be payable for that day and if such unauthorised absence occurs on the working day immediately preceding or succeeding a Saturday or Sunday, the allowance will not be payable for the Saturday or Sunday.

Camp meal charges

A6.7.4 Where a charge is made for meals in a construction camp, such charge will be fixed by agreement between the parties.

Rest and recreation - Rail or road travel

- A6.8.1 An employee who proceeds to a job which qualifies them to the provisions of this subclause, may, after two (2) months continuous service and thereafter at three monthly (3) periods of continuous service-return to their usual place of residence at the weekend.
- A6.8.2 If the employee does so, the employee will be paid the amount of a bus or return railway fare to the bus or railway station nearest to their usual place of residence on the pay day which immediately follows the date on which the employee returns to the job, provided no delay not agreed to by the employer takes place in connection with the employee's commencement of work on the morning of the working day following the weekend.
- A6.8.3 Provided, however, that if the work upon which the employee is engaged will terminate in the ordinary course within a further twenty-eight (28) days after expiration of any such period of two (2) or three (3) months, then the provisions of this subclause will not be applicable.

Limitation of entitlement

A6.8.4 The entitlement under Clause A6.8.1, will be availed of as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes due and will lapse after a period of two months provided that the employee has been notified in writing by the employer in the week prior to such entitlement becoming due of the date of entitlement and that such entitlement will lapse if not taken before the

appropriate date two (2) months later. (Proof of such written notice will lie with the employer).

Variable return home

A6.8.5 In special circumstances, and by agreement with the employer, the return to the usual place of residence entitlements may be granted earlier or taken later than the prescribed date of accrual without alteration to the employee's accrual entitlements.

No payment in lieu

A6.8.6 Payment of fares and leave without pay as provided for in this subclause will not be made unless availed of by the employee.

Termination

- A6.9 An employee will be entitled to notice of termination in sufficient time to arrange suitable transport at termination or will be paid as if employed up to the end of the ordinary working day before transport is available.
- **A6.10** The following amounts will be payable:-

	From the first pay period on or after 1 March 2024	From the first pay period on or after 1 March 2025	From the first pay period on or after 1 March 2026	From the first pay period on or after 1 March 2027
Accommodation provided (per day)	\$46.73	\$48.07	\$49.42	\$50.76
Accommodation Not provided (per day)	\$202.48	\$208.30	\$214.12	\$219.94
Meal Allowance (x 2 per day while living away	\$23.35	\$24.03	\$24.71	\$25.39
from home)	(per meal)	(per meal)	(per meal)	(per meal)
Return Journey (Per journey)	\$29.02	\$29.86	\$30.70	\$31.54
Weekend Return Home (Per occasion)	\$49.72	\$51.15	\$52.58	\$54.01
Camping				
Per day	\$34.30	\$35.29	\$36.28	\$37.27
Per Week	\$238.47	\$245.32	\$252.17	\$259.02

A7. FARES, TRAVEL AND TOLLS ALLOWANCES

A7.1 Travel time

Employees will be paid travel time allowance as prescribed in A1 for each day on which they present themselves for work.

A7.2 Summary of entitlement to fares and travel

	Travel time	Fares
Start or finish on the job using own vehicle	Yes	Yes
Start or finish on the job using public transport	Yes	Yes
Start or finish on the job provided with transport	Yes	No
Start and finish at the workshop	No	No
RDOs	Yes	Yes
Annual Leave	No	No
Public Holidays	No	No
Sick Leave	No	No

A7.3 Fares and Travelling Time

When required by the Enterprise, employees will start and/or cease work on the job site at the usual commencing and finishing times within which ordinary hours may be worked and will be paid at the following allowances: 50% of the current hourly rate within a 75km radius.

(a) Travel in own time and/or from worksite

An employee (except a plumbers' labourer) who is required to provide his/her own transport and to travel in his/her own time to or from the work site within the defined radius from the respective centre (as defined) will receive an allowance as per wage table per day travelling time calculated at ordinary time rates in addition to the amount of fares as defined for each day on which the employee presents him/herself for work on the job. Provided however, that where the Enterprise provides or offers to provide transport from an agreed picking-up place to his/her place of work the said fares component will not be payable.

(b) Commencing/finishing at workshop

In the case of an employee who is normally required to report for and finish work at the Enterprise's workshop and is transported to and from any job by the Enterprise allowances will be paid in accordance with the table at subclause A7.2.

(c) Employee provided with vehicle

- i. Where an employee is provided with a vehicle for his/her use as transport to and from his/her home to the centre as defined to commence and cease work at the usual commencing and finishing times within which ordinary hours may be worked the employee will be entitled an allowance of half of an hour per day travelling time up to defined radius (there is no entitlement to the fares component).
- ii. Where an employee is provided with a vehicle for his/her use in travelling to and from his/her home to the job site within the radii as defined to commence and finish work at the usual commencing and finishing time within which ordinary hours may be worked the employee will receive an allowance of half of an hour per day travelling time up to defined radius calculated at ordinary time rates (there is no entitlement to the fares component).

(d) Transport during working hours

- i. Where an employee is required by the Enterprise to travel to any other job site during the course of his/her daily engagement the employee will be paid all fares necessarily incurred except where transport is provided by the Enterprise to and from such site, and all time spent in such travel will be regarded as time worked.
- ii. Where the Enterprise requests an employee to use his/her own car to effect such a transfer and such employee agrees to do so the employee will be paid an allowance in accordance with A2.

(e) Travel beyond defined radius

When working on jobs beyond the defined radius from the centre for employment (as defined) the fares as defined and one quarter of an hour travelling time plus an allowance for travelling time calculated at the ordinary time rate of pay for the time required to travel to the job site and back from and to the defined radius and calculated at a speed not exceeding the legal speed limit and with a minimum payment of a quarter of an hour for each such journey. Where an employee provides his/her own transport an additional allowance in accordance with A2 per kilometre will be payable for the distance involved in travelling beyond the defined radius and return thereto and which will compensate for any fares incurred by public transport.

(f) Distant work

When an employee is required to travel from his/her normal place of employment or his/her normal place of residence to a distant job (as defined) the employee will be reimbursed for all travelling expenses incurred. The mode of travel will be as directed by the Enterprise provided the comfort of the employee will be of a standard not less than that of second class travel. All time spent in travelling from the normal place of employment or the employee's normal place of residence to the distant job will be paid at the ordinary time rate of pay up to a maximum of eight hours in any one day. Where the employee is not accommodated on the actual site of the distant job his/her place of accommodation will become the centre as defined by subclause A7.3(g) and fares and travelling time will be paid as prescribed by A7.3(a) and A7.3(e) of this clause.

(g) Definitions

i. Radius and fares

In Wangaratta - the radius will be 75 kilometres and the fares will be in accordance with A2.

ii. Centre for employment

- The Enterprise's normal base establishment or workshop; or
- The local Post Office closest to the Enterprise's establishment or workshop beyond the defined radius of the Post Offices listed above; or
- In the case of employees sent to a distant job (as defined) the place at which such employees are domiciled with the approval of the Enterprise, for that distant job.

The Enterprise having selected one of the above as the centre will not change that centre without one (1) month's prior notice to each employee.

(h) Entitlement

The allowance prescribed in this clause will not be taken into account in calculating overtime, penalty rates, annual or personal leave. Upon any day when the employee in accordance with the Enterprise's requirements reports for work or allocation of work and on the rostered day as prescribed in clause 31 – Hours of work, an employee will receive the fares and/or travelling time payment (if any) that the employee would normally be paid if the employee worked for the day.

(i) Toll Costs

Where the Enterprise provides the employee with an Enterprise vehicle for work purposes and the Enterprise requires the employee to use the toll roads the Enterprise will be responsible for all toll costs. The Enterprise will reimburse the employee for all toll costs. The Enterprise will reimburse the employee for the cost of road tolls where the employee personally incurs such an expense while using an Enterprise vehicle or using his/her own vehicle at the Enterprise's request. When the Enterprise requests an itemised account the Enterprise will reimburse the employee for the costs of obtaining that account.

A8. AVAILABLILITY

The Enterprise will consult and seek agreement with the employee/s concerning the implementation, or continuation, of availability. Employee/s making themselves available for availability shall be placed on a Priority List which shall rotate weekly. Availability shall only occur after ordinary hours of work. Only employees placed on availability, and while on availability, may be called out. Employee/s shall be paid four hours minimum at double time for each call-out. In addition to the normal rates of pay and allowances, employees on availability shall receive an allowance in accordance with A2.

APPENDIX B - RDO CALENDAR

B1. Flexibility

The employer agrees that No Work Weekends, Rostered Days Off and Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdowns play a very big role in ensuring that:-

- **B1.1(a)** employees have an appropriate work / life balance;
- **B1.1(b)** employees can spend sufficient time with their partners, children and family to ensure that such relationships are healthy and positive;
- **B1.1(c)** employees have time to participate in community organisations or the like.

The above all assist in improving employee morale and productivity, as well as improving the society the employees live in and the employer operates in.

Accordingly, the employer will endeavour to not have the employees work on No Work Weekends, Rostered Days Off and Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdowns.

No Work Weekends, Rostered Days Off and Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdowns

B2.1 The attached calendars are the agreed scheduling of No Work Weekends, Rostered Days Off and Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdowns.

No Work Weekend

- **B2.1** Subject to the following clauses, work will not be performed on any No Work Weekend as set out in the attached calendar.
- B2.2 The employer and a genuine and informed majority of affected employees may agree to work on a No Work Weekend. The employees will not unreasonably withhold their agreement.
- **B2.3** Where agreement is reached between the employer and a genuine and informed majority of affected employees to work the No Work Weekend, the employee will be paid the applicable overtime rate for all hours worked on a No Work Weekend.
- Where agreement is not reached between the employer and a genuine and informed majority of affected employees to work the No Work Weekend and the employer directs the employees to work the No Work Weekend, the employee will be paid the applicable overtime rate and provided with a substitute paid day off for each day the employee works overtime on, to be taken agreed to by the employer and the employee.

B2.5 Subject to Clause B2.6, the substitute paid day off for each day the employee works overtime on, will not be provided where the employer directs the employee to work the No Work Weekend and the work performed is:-

B2.5(a) emergency / break down work; and / or

B2.5(b) shut down / tap in to services work; and / or

B2.5(c) works that can only be performed on a No Work Weekend; and / or

B2.5(d) unplanned or reasonably unforseen work.

B2.6 If an employee works outside of the spread of hours prescribed in Clause 31, then an employee shall be paid either overtime in accordance with Clause 33 or the shift work penalties in accordance with Clause 35.

Rostered Days Off

- **B3.1** Subject to the following clauses, work will not be performed on a Rostered Day Off as set out in the attached calendar.
- B3.2 The employer and a genuine and informed majority of affected employees may agree to work on a Rostered Day Off. The employees will not unreasonably withhold their agreement.
- **B3.3** Where agreement is reached between the employer and a genuine and informed majority of affected employees to work on a Rostered Day Off, the employee will receive their ordinary rate of pay and a substitute Rostered Day Off to be taken at a time agree to by the employer and the employee.
- Where agreement is not reached between the employer and a genuine and informed majority of affected employees to work on a Rostered Day Off and the employer directs the employees to work on a Rostered Day Off, the employee will be paid the applicable overtime rate and provided with a substitute Rostered Day Off, to be taken at a time agreed to by the employer and the employee.
- B3.5 Subject to Clause B3.6, overtime will not be paid where the employer directs the employee to work on a Rostered Day Off and the work performed is:-

B3.5(a) emergency / break down work; and / or

B3.5(b) shut down / tap in to services work; and / or

B3.5(c) works that can only be performed on a Rostered Day Off; and /or

B3.5(d) unplanned or reasonably unforseen work.

B3.6 If an employee works outside of the spread of hours prescribed in Clause 31, then an employee shall be paid either overtime in accordance with Clause 33 or the shift work penalties in accordance with Clause 35.

Christmas/ New Year Annual Leave Shutdown

- **B4.1** Subject to the following clauses, work will not be performed during the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown as set out in the attached calendars.
- B4.2 The employer and a genuine and informed majority of employees may agree to work during the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown. The employees will not unreasonably withhold their agreement.
- Where agreement is reached between the employer and a genuine and informed majority of employees to work during the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown the employee will be paid their ordinary hourly rate for all ordinary hours worked during the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown. The employee will be entitled to take their annual leave at a time agreed to by the employer and the employee.
- Where agreement is not reached between the employer and a genuine and informed majority of employees to work during the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown and the employer directs the employees to work the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown, the employee will be paid the applicable overtime rate. The employee will be entitled to take their annual leave at a time agreed to by the employer and the employee.
- **B4.5** Subject to Clause B4.6, overtime will not be paid where the employer directs the employee to work during the Christmas / New Year Annual Leave Shutdown and the work performed is:-

B4.5(a) emergency / break down work; an
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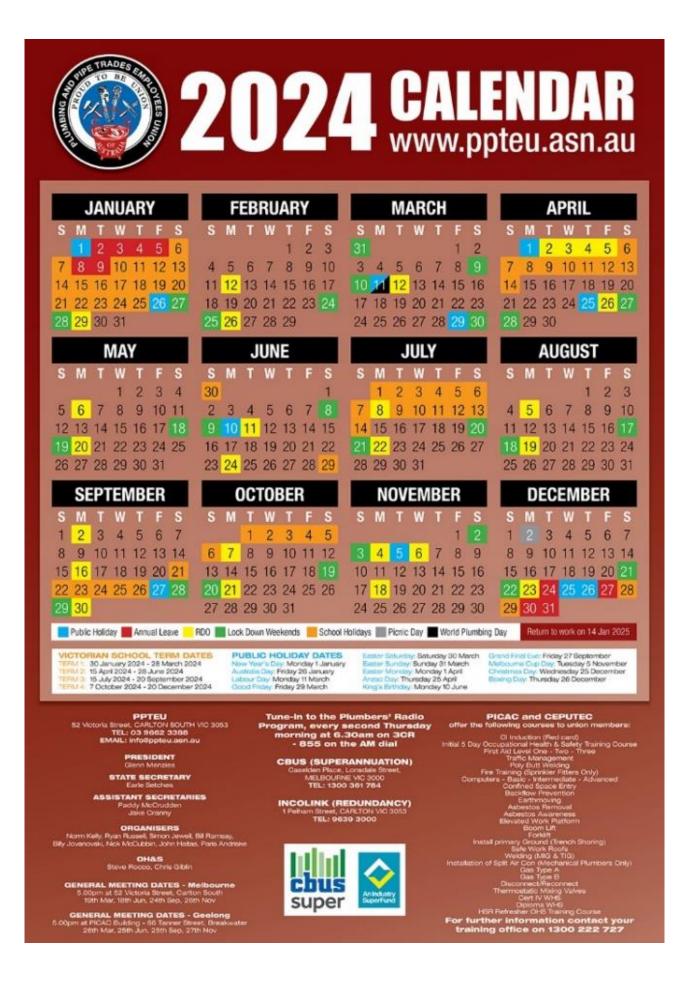
B4.5(b) shut down / tap in to services work; and / or

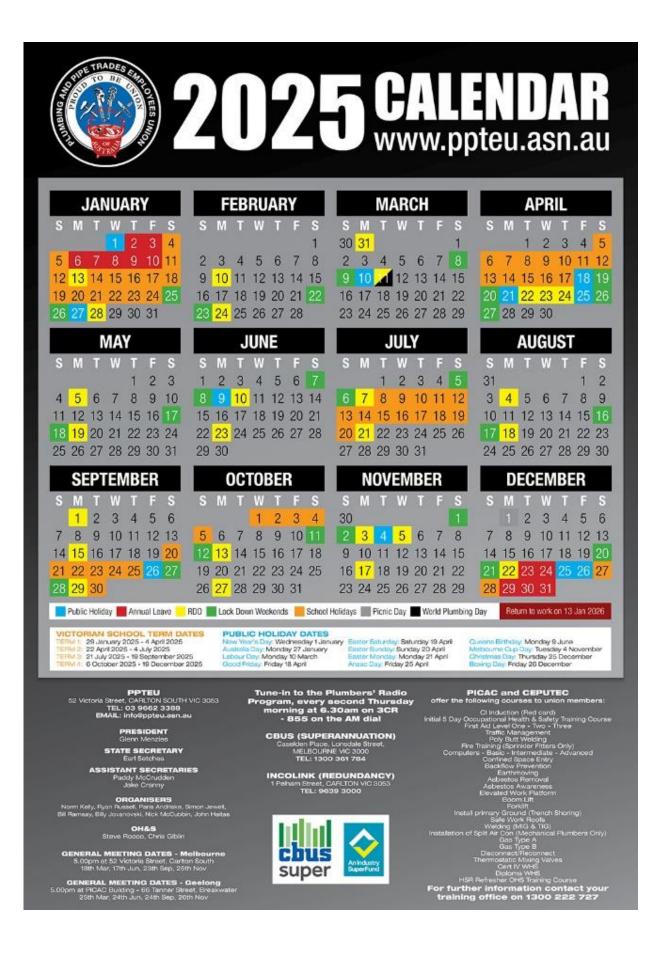
B4.5(c) works that can only be performed during the Christmas / New Year Annual

Leave Shutdown; and /or

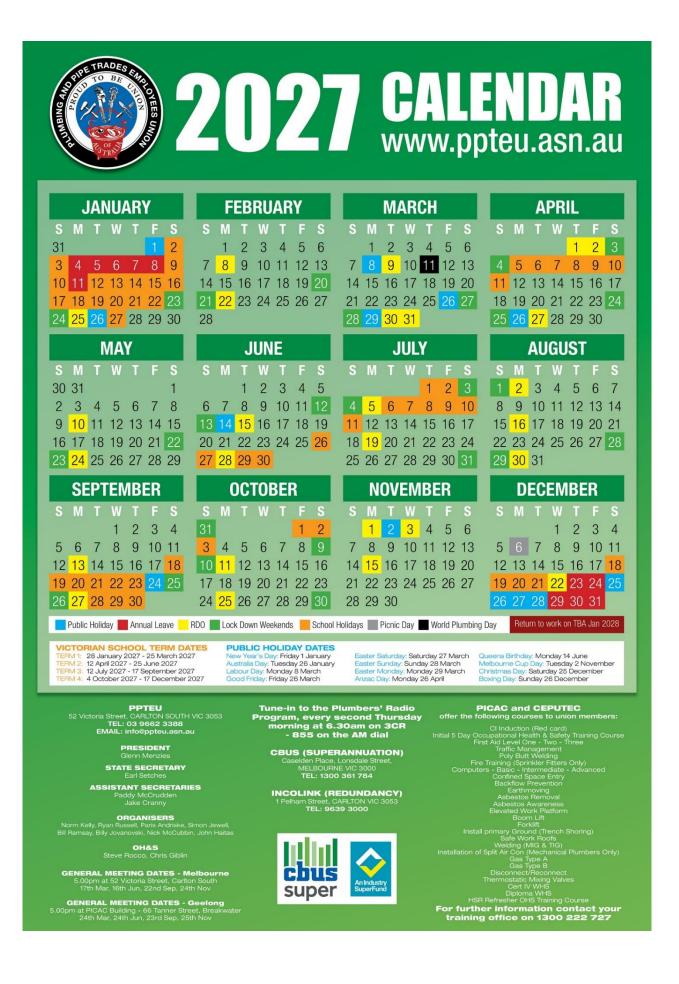
B4.5(d) unplanned or reasonably unforseen work.

- **B4.6** If an employee works outside of the spread of hours prescribed in Clause 31, then an employee shall be paid either overtime in accordance with Clause 33 or the shift work penalties in accordance with Clause 35.
- Any dispute and / or grievance arising out of Clauses B2, B3 and B4 shall be resolved in accordance with Clause 14 Disputes Resolution Procedure.









APPENDIX C - SITE ALLOWANCE & COMPANY ALLOWANCE PROCEDURE

COMPANY ALLOWANCE.

A Company Allowance of \$1.50 per hour worked will be paid to employees who work on any work that falls under the requirements to Site Allowance as per below.

SITE ALLOWANCE

- C.1 This procedure shall apply to construction work in the commercial/industrial sector of the building industry in the State of Victoria.
 - Further, it is expressly agreed by the parties to this Agreement that Site Allowances will not be claimed on any project where the project, regardless of its location, where the project value is below \$3.0 million.
- C1.1 In addition to the wage rates and allowances prescribed, the employer shall pay to employees (as defined in this Agreement) extra rates as prescribed in Appendix A of this Agreement for the period when individual employees incur those specifically included in the Site Allowance applicable to a project.
- C1.2 Subject to the foregoing, where the union, requests an employer to consider a claim for payment of a Site Allowance, such Site Allowance shall be determined either by:-
- **C1.3** geographic location if the project is contained within the City of Melbourne; or
- **C1.4** the amount contained in Clause C1.14.
- A Site Allowance shall be paid at the appropriate rate per hour flat for hours worked, to compensate for all special factors and/or disabilities on a project and in lieu of the following special rates confined space, wet work, dirty work, second-hand timber and fumes. Special rates and disability payments (other than mentioned above) shall be applied as and when incurred, in accordance with Appendix A Allowances and Special Rates.
- C1.6 It is agreed by the parties that all new projects will be covered by the Site Allowance rates contained in this Agreement.
- C1.7 On sites which do not attract Site Allowance, employees are entitled to be paid the relevant disability payments as the disability may arise in accordance with Allowances and Special Rates of this Agreement.
- C1.8 The site allowance on projects which is a combination of new and renovation work shall be governed by the majority of work involved. For example, where the majority of work is new work, then the Site Allowance appropriate to new work shall be paid for all employees on the project.
- C1.9 All new Docklands projects are to be in accordance with the new scale of Site Allowances. Existing projects at Docklands are to remain unchanged regarding site allowance and working hours.
- C1.10 In all cases where the parties fail to reach agreement on the Project Site Allowance to apply to a particular site or project, then then the matter will be dealt with in accordance the disputes procedure in clause 14 save that the matter will be referred to the VBIDP for determination.

- In determining the rate, the VBIDP shall have regard to this Appendix (C), and shall not deviate from this Appendix unless there are special and exceptional circumstances. Special and exceptional circumstances may include working on projects where disabilities not comprehended in the Site Allowance procedure described herein exist. This may include where predominately contract metal trades construction/maintenance work is being carried out. Where the procedures prescribed by this Clause are being followed, work shall continue normally. In the event of employees taking industrial action in pursuance of a claim the date of operation of the Project Site Allowance shall not commence before the date on which the employees cease industrial action.
- C1.12 Any Site Allowance that is determined in accordance with Clause C1.12 City of Melbourne Definition and Clause C1.13 Shopping Centres shall be incorporated into the Agreement in accordance with the FW Act.

Shopping centres and Airport Projects

C1.13 All new construction and extension / refurbishment work shopping centres, Airports, retail strip shops and stand - alone retail facilities having a project value in excess of \$7 million will attract the then current City of Melbourne Site Allowance. Where the project is of a mixed purpose, City of Melbourne site allowance rates will apply only where the retail component is at least \$7 million and occupies at least fifty-one per cent (51%) of the area of the project.

Hours of work - on shopping centres

C1.13 (b) A 36 hour/9 day fortnight shall apply.

Definition

- **C1.12** For the purposes of determining Site Allowance in accordance with this Agreement, the boundaries of the **City of Melbourne** are defined as follows:
 - commencing at the point where Citylink (Tullamarine Freeway) intersects Racecourse Road, proceed east along Racecourse Road, Elliott Avenue, Macarthur Road Cemetery Road West, Cemetery Road East and Princes Street to Nicholson Street. Then south on Nicholson Street to Victoria Parade. In Victoria Parade, proceed east to Punt Road, then south along Punt Road to the St Kilda Junction. From the St Kilda Junction proceed along Fitzroy Street to Beaconsfield Parade, and then north-west along Beaconsfield Parade, Beach Street and The Boulevarde and following the waterline to Lorimer Street, and then east along Lorimer Street as far as Citylink (Western Link). Follow Citylink north to Racecourse Road to complete the boundary.
 - the City of Melbourne zone will also include the area bounded by Nicholson Street,
 Victoria Parade' Hoddle Street, and Alexandra Parade.
 - where one boundary of a project fronts at least one of the above streets, then such project is deemed to be within the City of Melbourne.
- C1.13 The Site Allowance shall be adjusted up or down to the nearest 5 cents, and Project value to the nearest \$100,000.

Payments

C1.14 An employee entitled to the allowance provided in this clause shall be paid in accordance with the following table:-

Renovations, Restoration &/or Refurbishment Work:

Projects with values in excess of \$289.1 million will be subject to Schedule 11.16 of this Appendix.

Note:-

Projects which are a combination of new work and renovation, restoration and/or refurbishment work, will have their Site Allowance governed by which component is the major part of the work involved. For example, if the majority of work is new work then the Site Allowance in Schedule 11.16 of this Appendix will apply.

Project Value Site Allowance

City of Melbourne

Greater than \$5.7 million and up to \$289.1 million	\$5.00 per hour
Greater than \$289.1 million and up to \$462.5 million	\$5.25 per hour
Greater than \$462.5 million and up to \$ 1.564 billion	\$5.75 per hour

For projects greater than \$1 billion, there shall be an increment of ten (10) cents per additional \$100M or part thereof.

Site Allowance Schedule Victoria

Greater than \$5.7 million and up to \$34.7 million	\$2.85 per hour
Greater than \$34.7 million and up to \$58 million	\$3.50 per hour
Greater than \$58 million and up to \$115.6 million	\$4.00 per hour
Greater than \$115.6 million and up to \$289.1 million	\$4.60 per hour
Greater than \$289.1 million and up to \$462.5 million	\$5.25 per hour
Greater than \$462.5 million and up to \$1.1564 billion	\$5.75 per hour
Greater than \$1.1564 billion and up to \$2.312 billion	\$6.90 per hour
Greater than \$2.3127 billion and up to \$3.4692 billion	\$7.50 per hour
Greater than \$3.4692 billion and up to \$4.6254 billion	\$8.10 per hour

For projects greater than \$4.6254 billion, there shall be an increment of ten (10) cents per additional \$100M or part thereof.

Any project Value and Site Allowance in place at the time of this Agreement being concluded, and in excess of the rates of this Schedule will remain unchanged until such time as they are exceeded by the movement in the rates by the operation of Clause C1.15.

C1.15 The allowance prescribed in Clause C1.14 shall be adjusted on a yearly basis. The adjustment shall be based on the CPI (All Groups, Melbourne) for the preceding period July to June in each year. The increases shall take effect from the first pay period commencing on or after 1 October 2024, 1 October 2025 and 1 October 2026.

APPENDIX D - PLUMBING TRADE AND INDUSTRY PAYMENT (PTIP)

- **D.1** This payment recognises the efficiencies and economies gained through the incorporation of allowances dealing with the following matters:
 - Employees accepting responsibility to statutory authority;
 - Insulation;
 - Bitumen work;
 - Cutting tiles;

- Hospitals; and
- Service shafts.

as defined in Appendix D.

The PTIP payment was paid to employees and apprentices in lieu of allowances for those matters.

D.2 On 1 December 2004 the PTIP was incorporated into the hourly rate. Thereafter employees and apprentices were not entitled to the allowances prescribed in D.1.

APPENDIX E - INCLEMENT WEATHER

E1. Purpose and Intent

- **E1.1** This inclement weather clause sets out the full rights, obligations and entitlements of the parties and establishes the conditions under which payment for periods of inclement weather will be made.
- **E1.2** The parties agree to take all necessary steps to ensure proper understanding of the intent and application of the inclement weather provisions including the provision of training to ensure correct use.
- **E1.3** It is agreed that site management are empowered to implement inclement weather provisions.
- **E1.4** An employee will not be entitled to payment for inclement weather as provided for in this clause unless the employee follows the provisions of this clause.

E2. Definitions

- **E2.1 Dry area** will mean a work area that has not become saturated by rain or where water will not drip on the employee(s).
- **E2.2** Hot weather will mean temperatures of or above 35 degrees C.
- **E2.3** Inclement weather will mean the existence of rain or abnormal climatic conditions (whether they be those of hail, snow, cold, high wind, severe dust storm, extreme high temperature or the like or any combination thereof) by virtue of which it is either not reasonable or not safe for employees to continue working whilst the same prevail.
- **E2.4** Other work will mean working at the employee's particular function at another work location, portion of the project or another site.
- **E2.5** Transfer will mean transfer to another work location, portion of the project or another site.
- **E2.6** Unsafe conditions will mean where an employee is prevented from working at the employee's particular function as a result of unsafe conditions caused by the inclement weather.

E3. Continuation of Work

Where a work location is affected by unsafe conditions, employees not affected will continue to work as normal, regardless that some employees may be entitled to cease work due to unsafe conditions.

E4. Payment

An employee will be entitled to payment by the enterprise for ordinary time lost through inclement weather for up to, but not more than thirty-two (32) hours in every period of four (4) weeks. The following conditions will apply:

- **E4.1** The first period will commence on the first Monday on or after the 1st January each year, and subsequent periods will commence at four (4) weekly periods thereafter.
- **E4.2** The employee will be credited with thirty-two (32) hours at the commencement of each four (4) weekly period. Hours will not accumulate or be carried over.
- **E4.3** If an employee commences employment during a four (4) weekly period they will be credited eight (8) hours for each week, or part of a week, that the employee is employed during the four (4) weekly period.
- **E4.4** The number of hours credited to an employee will be reduced by the number of hours for which payment is made.
- **E4.5** Payment under this clause will be weekly.

E5. Conference and Assessment

- **E5.1** The enterprise, or the enterprise's representative, will, when requested by the employees or the employee representative, confer (within a reasonable period of time which should not exceed thirty (30) minutes) for the purpose of determining whether or not conditions are inclement.
- **E5.2** Weather will not be regarded as inclement unless it is agreed at such conference.
- **E5.3** Provided that if the enterprise or the enterprise's representative refuses to confer within such reasonable period, employees will be entitled to cease work for the rest of the day and be paid in accordance with the inclement weather provisions.
- **E5.4** It is agreed by the parties that prior to any employee leaving the site due to inclement weather, consultation will take place between the employee representative/s and site management.

E6. Cessation and resumption of work

- **E6.1** At the time employees cease work due to inclement weather the enterprise or the enterprise representative on site and the employee's representative will agree and note the time of cessation of work.
- **E6.2** At the time the period of inclement weather has clearly ended the employees will resume work and the time will be similarly agreed and noted.
- **E6.3** Employees will not be required to resume work until the unsafe conditions cease to exist.
- **E6.4** Where the employees are in sheds because it is raining, they will not be required to resume work unless:
 - (a) The rain stops; or
 - (b) A covered walkway has been provided; or
 - (c) The employee can reach the work location without going through the rain.

E7. Hot Weather

- **E7.1** When the temperature approaches 35 degrees C, the conference process outlined in subclause 5.1 may commence, with the intention that employees may leave site if the temperature actually reaches 35 degrees C.
- **E7.2** Temperature will be measured by the nearest relevant automatic Melbourne Bureau of Meteorology Monitoring Station for example (but not limited to): Melbourne, Moorabbin, Dunns Hill, Melbourne Airport, Frankston, and Point Wilson. At the commencement of each project, the enterprise and employee representative will agree which is to be the applicable automatic weather monitoring station. Alternatively, where the parties agree an on-site temperature measuring station may be used.
- **E7.3** It is recognised that during periods of hot weather, some workers may be relocated to other work that is not affected by hot weather including, but not limited to, work in air-conditioned environments subject to amenities being located adjacent to or within a reasonable distance from the work location or portion of project.

E8. Wet Weather

- **E8.1** Where it is not possible for an employee to be transferred to other work in accordance with subclause 10(a) and until the unsafe conditions are rectified, the employee will remain on site. The employee will be paid for such time without reduction of the employee's inclement weather entitlement.
- **E8.2** Where, because of wet weather, an employee is prevented from working:
 - (a) for more than an accumulated total of four (4) hours of ordinary time in any one day; or
 - (b) after the meal break, for more than an accumulated total of fifty percent (50%) of the normal afternoon work time; or
 - (c) during the final two (2) hours of the normal work day for more than an accumulated total of one (1) hour:

the enterprise will not be entitled to require the employee to remain on site beyond the expiration of any of the above circumstances.

E9. Prior Notice

- **E9.1** Where the company decides that, due to inclement weather, the planned work location of the employee will be unsafe, the company may:
 - (a) direct the employee to present for other work; or
 - (b) notify the employee that they will not be required for work on that day.
- **E9.2** Where the company directs the employee to present for other work and, makes reasonable attempts to contact the employee prior to the employee's planned start time, the employee will proceed directly to the other work.
- **E9.3** Where the employee does not respond to the employers reasonable attempts to contact (in accordance with subclause E9.1) the employee will not be entitled to payment for time spent waiting in accordance with subclause E10.4.
- **E9.4** Where, prior to the employee's start time, the company notifies the employee that they will not be required for work on that day, the employee will be entitled to eight (8) hours pay for such day up to a maximum of thirty-two (32) hours in the relevant four (4) week period.

E9.5 In the case of E9.4, the employee will not be entitled to any other payment for that day.

E10. Transfer

Where an employee is prevented from working at the employee's particular function as a result of unsafe conditions caused by the inclement weather, the employee may be transferred to other work, until the unsafe conditions are rectified.

Where an employee is required to transfer from one site to another the employee will be reimbursed the cost of transport except where the enterprise provides transport.

The employee representative will co-operate in facilitating this transfer.

Where the employees are in sheds because it is raining, they will not be transferred to other work unless:

- (a) the rain stops; or
- (b) a covered walkway has been provided; or
- (c) the sheds are under cover and the employees can get to the dry area without going through the rain.

Employees required to work in inclement weather

Except as provided in this subclause an employee will not work or be required to work in inclement weather.

Employees required to work in inclement weather will only be obliged to perform such work as is essential to overcome the emergency and to restore an acceptable service and/or to secure or make safe as circumstances require. Employees engaged on such work will be paid at the rate of double time.

Where the enterprise requires an employee to work in inclement weather, the employee will be reimbursed in full the cost of appropriate protective clothing except where the enterprise provides such protective clothing.

If the employees clothing becomes wet as a result of working in wet weather and the employee does not have a change of dry work clothes, the employee will be entitled, at the completion of the work, to cease work for the day without loss of pay.

End of Agreement.